



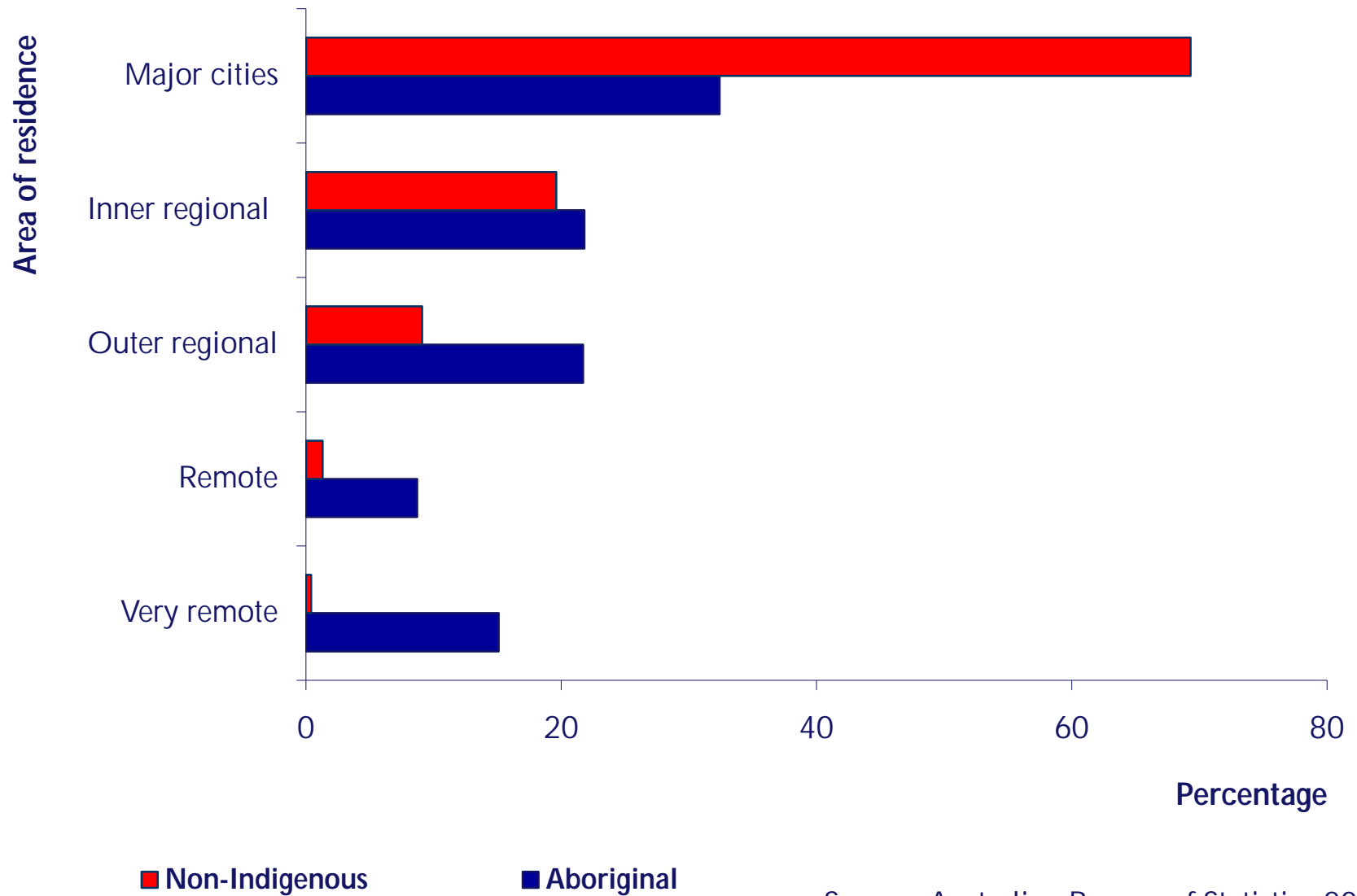
Bloodborne viral and sexually
transmitted infections in Aboriginal
and Torres Strait Islander people:
Surveillance and Evaluation Report

2010

Edited by National Centre in HIV Epidemiology and Clinical Research

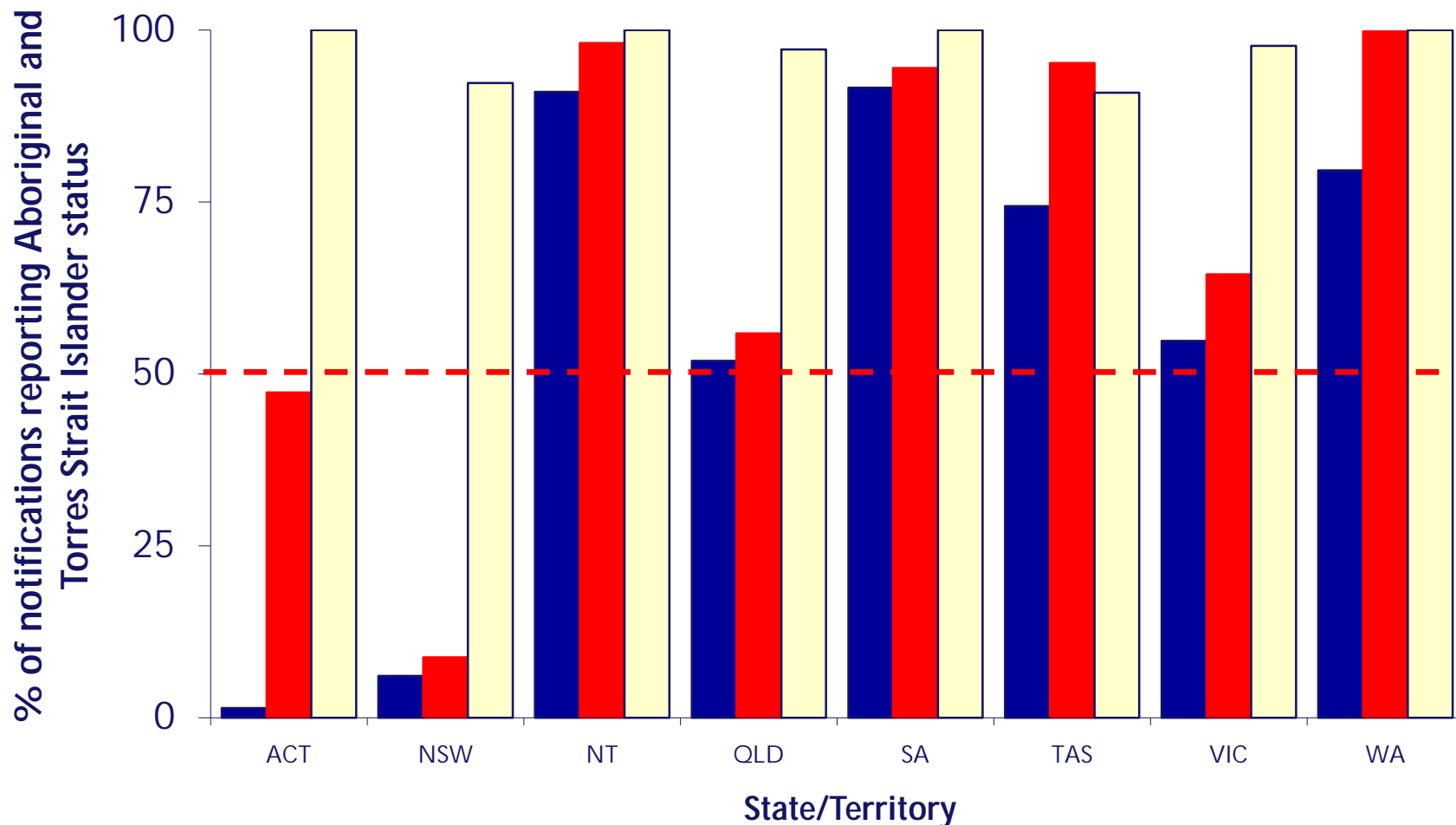


Area of residence, 2006, by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identity



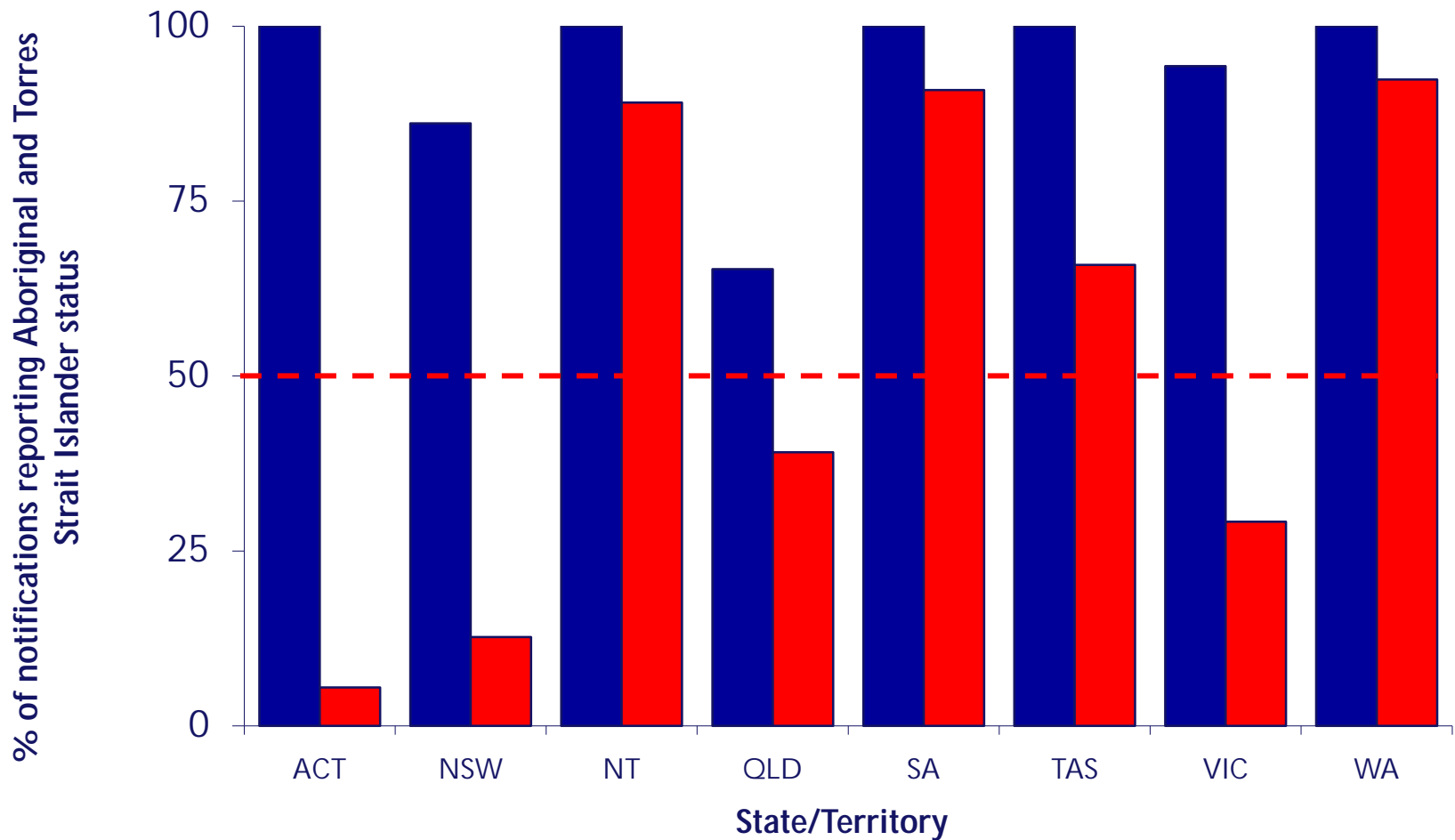
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics 2006

Reporting of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identity at diagnosis of selected sexually transmitted infections, by State/Territory, 2009



■ Chlamydia ■ Gonorrhoea □ Infectious syphilis Source: State/Territory health authorities

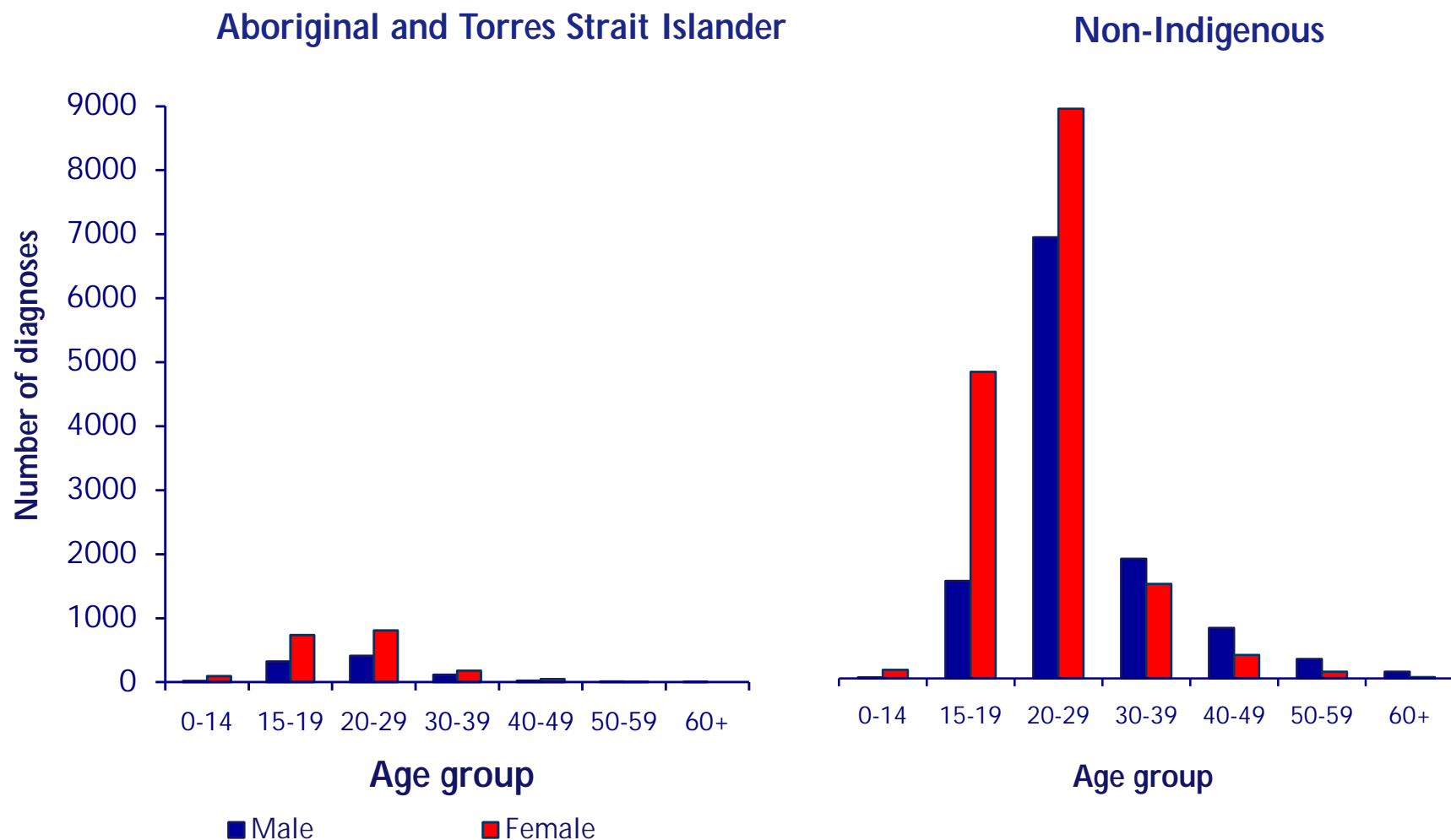
Reporting of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status at diagnosis of viral hepatitis by State/Territory, 2009



■ Newly acquired hepatitis B ■ Hepatitis C

Source: State/Territory health authorities

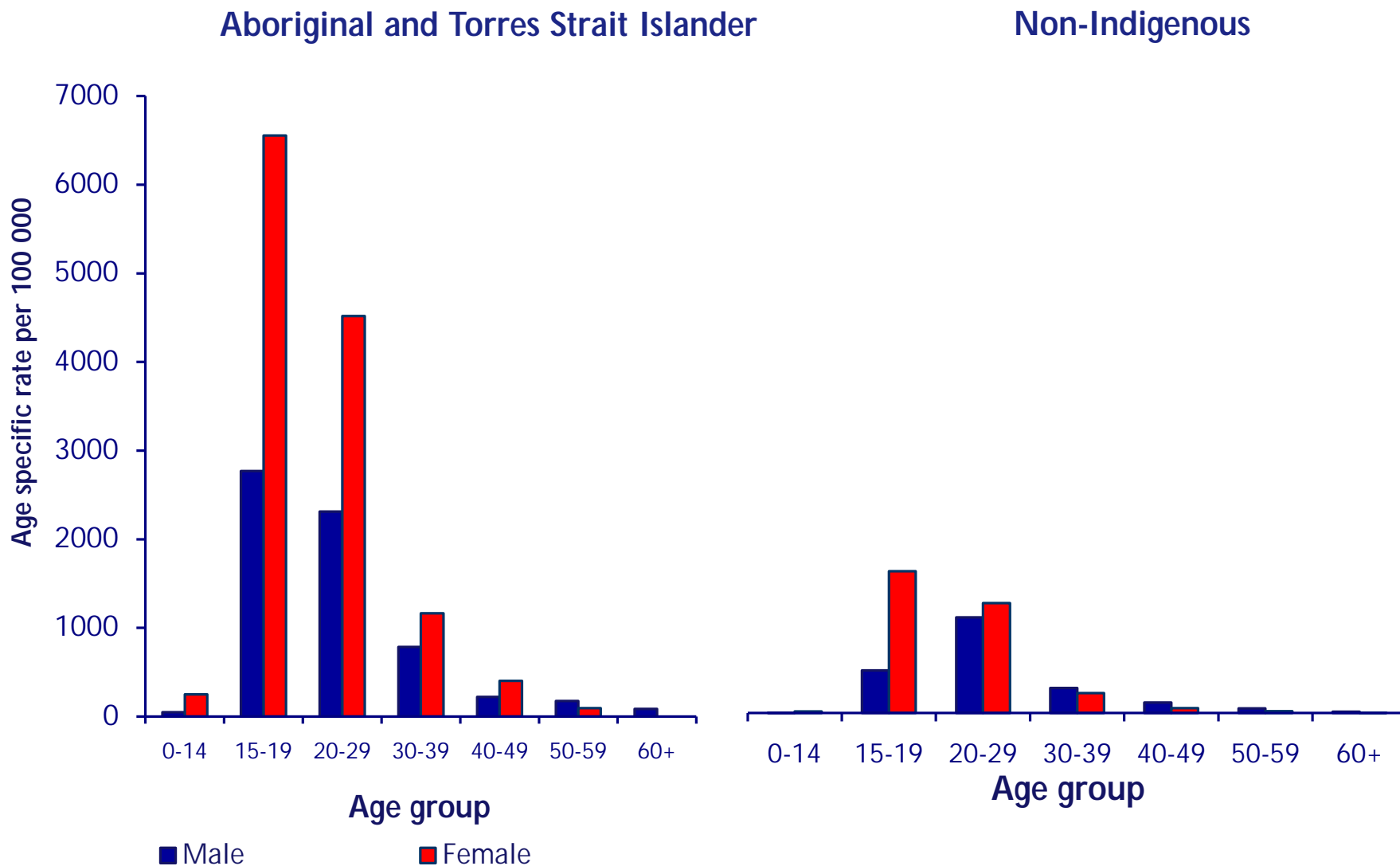
Chlamydia in 2009 by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

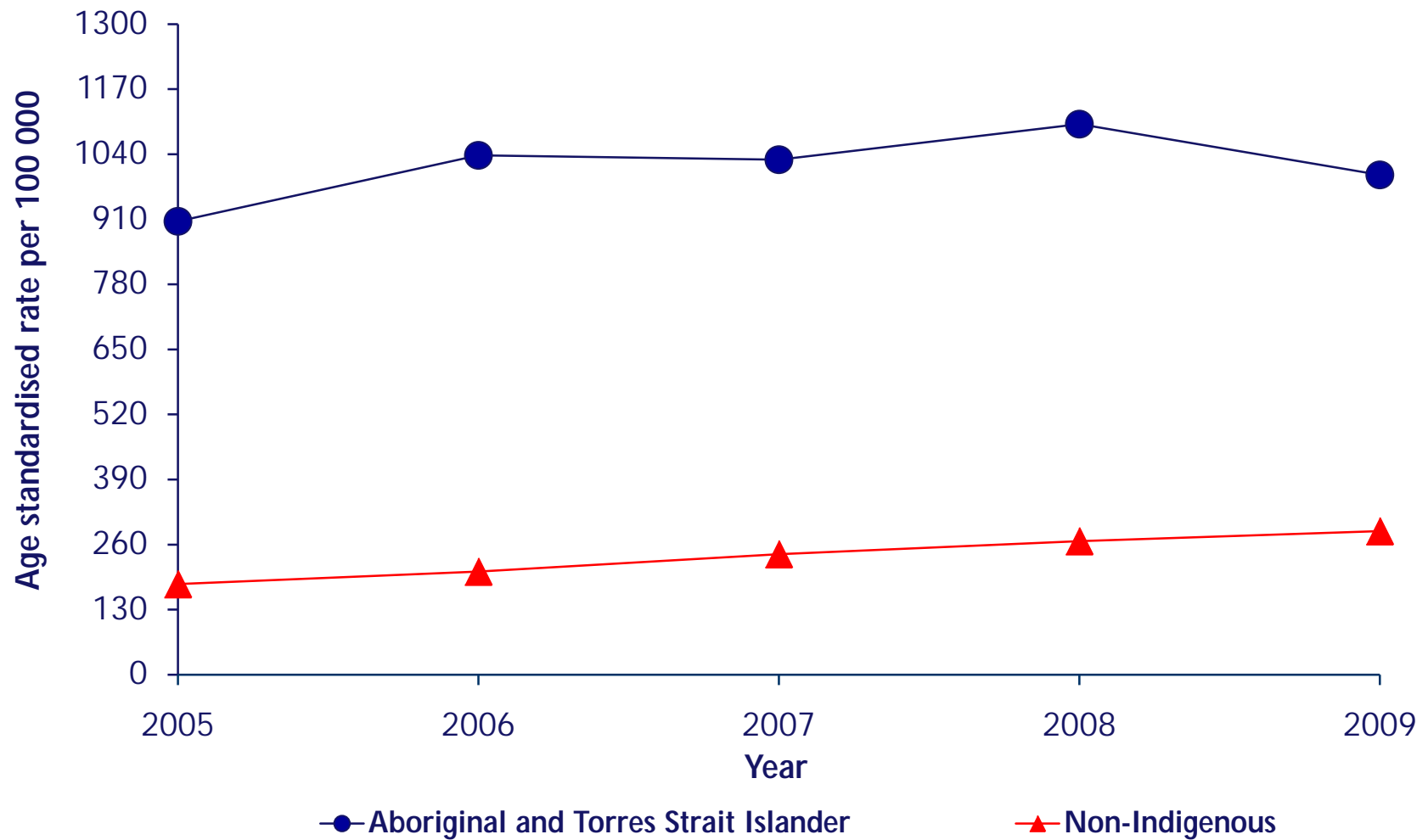
Rate of diagnosis of chlamydia in 2009 by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

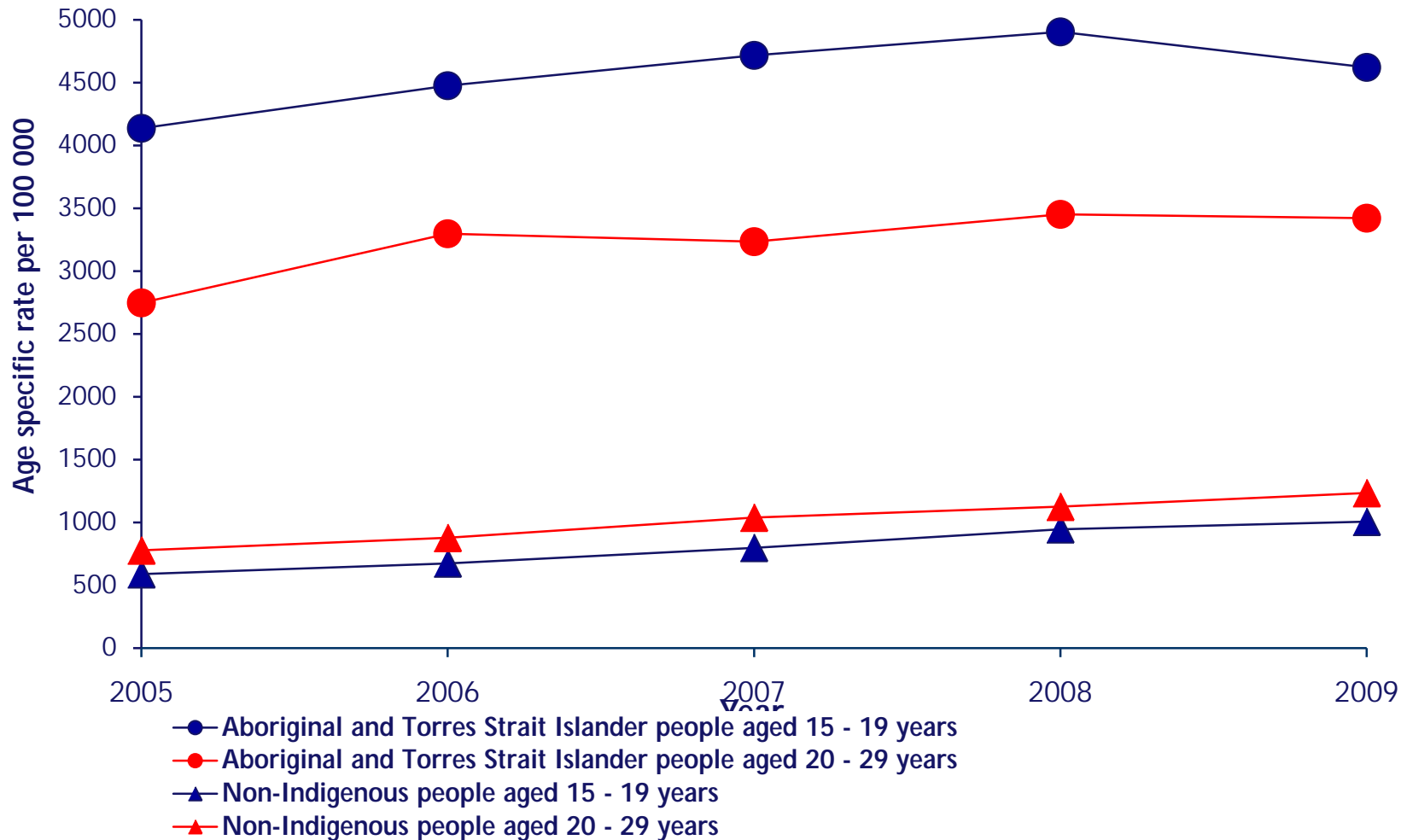
Chlamydia by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

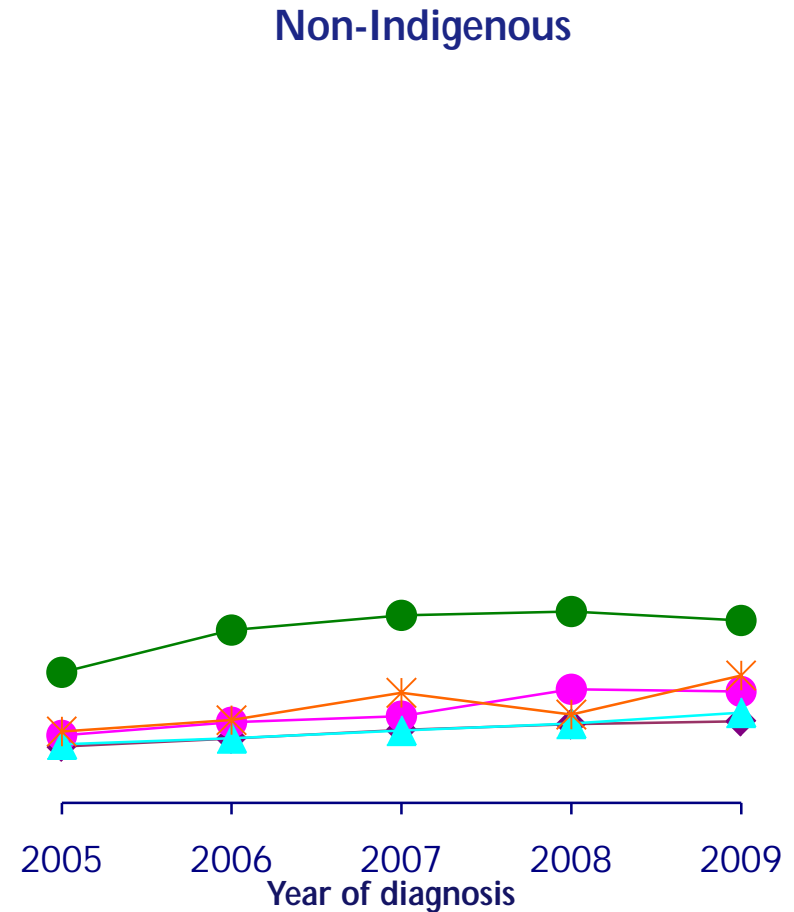
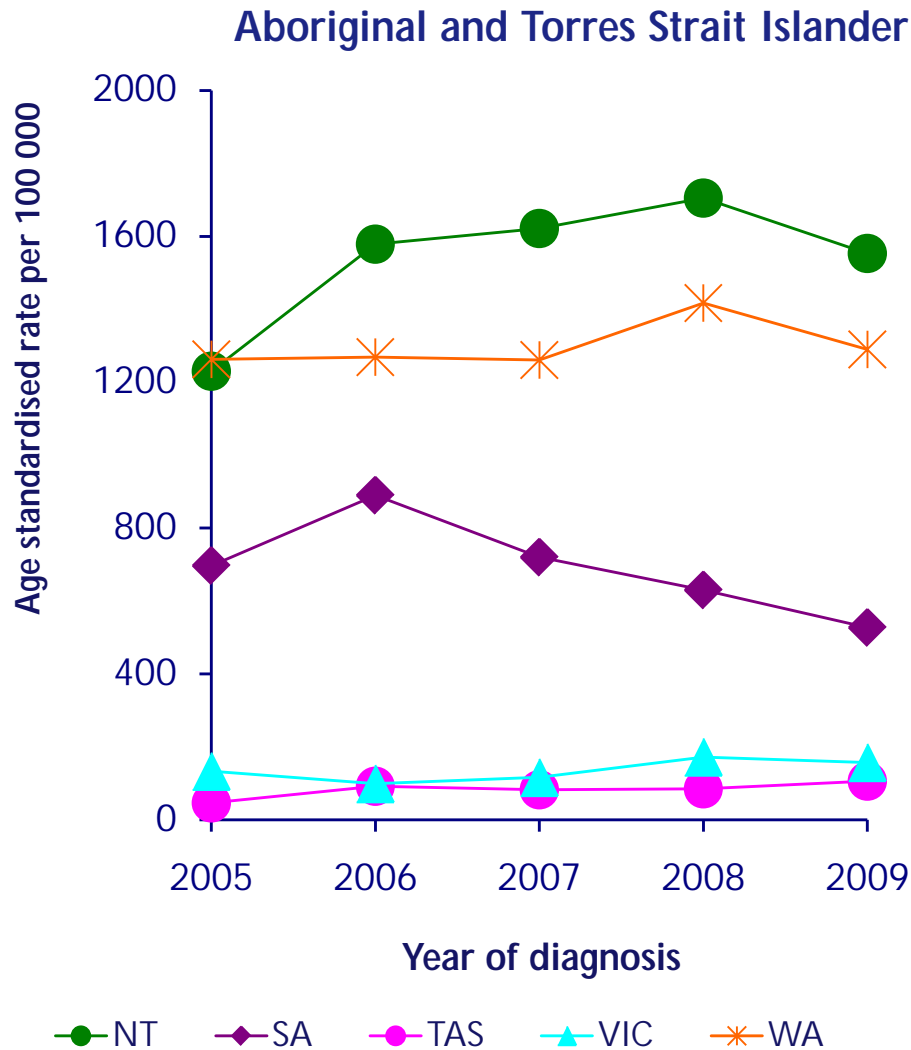
Chlamydia by selected age groups, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

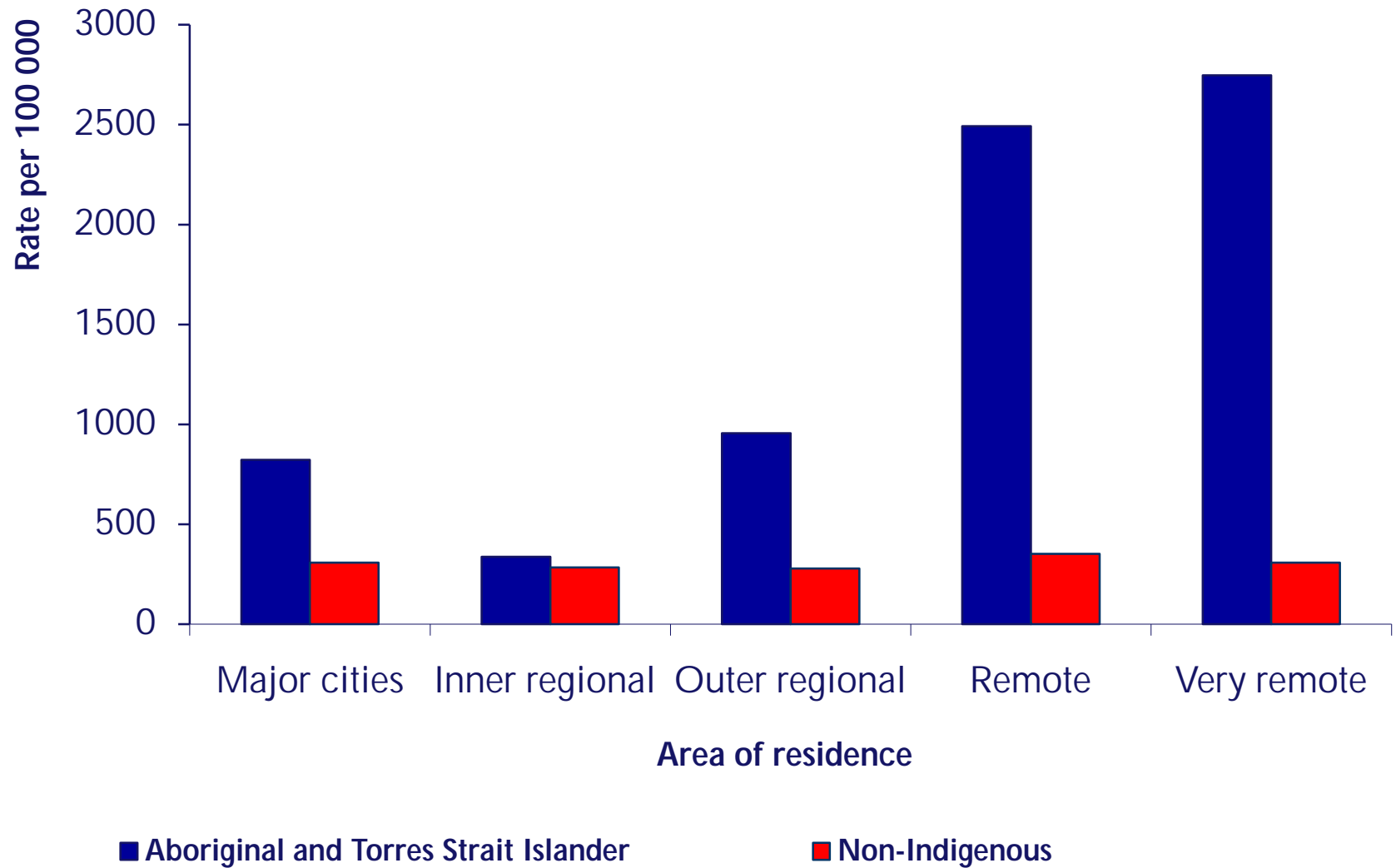
Source: State and Territory health authorities

Chlamydia by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status, State/Territory¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

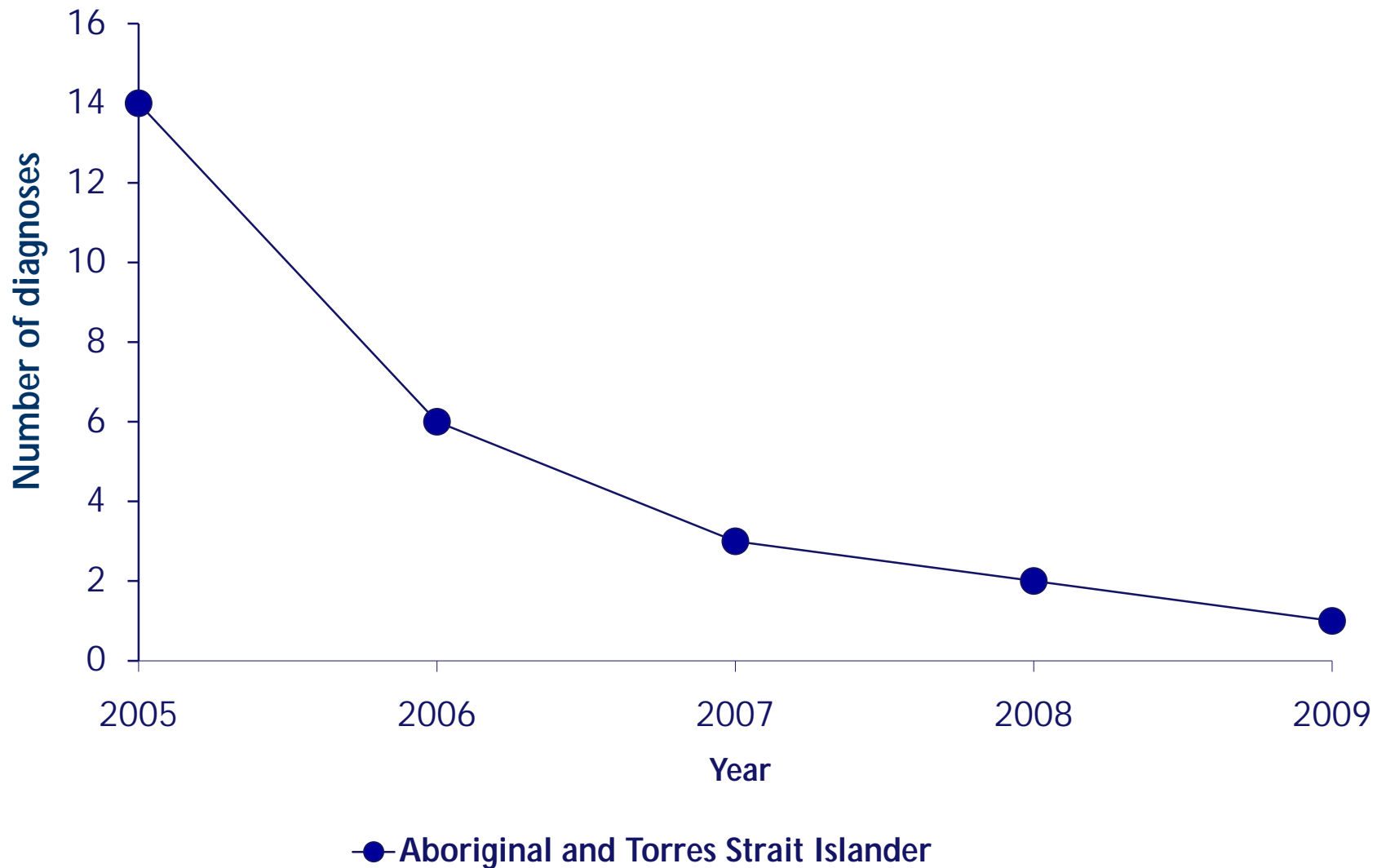
Chlamydia by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and area of residence, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

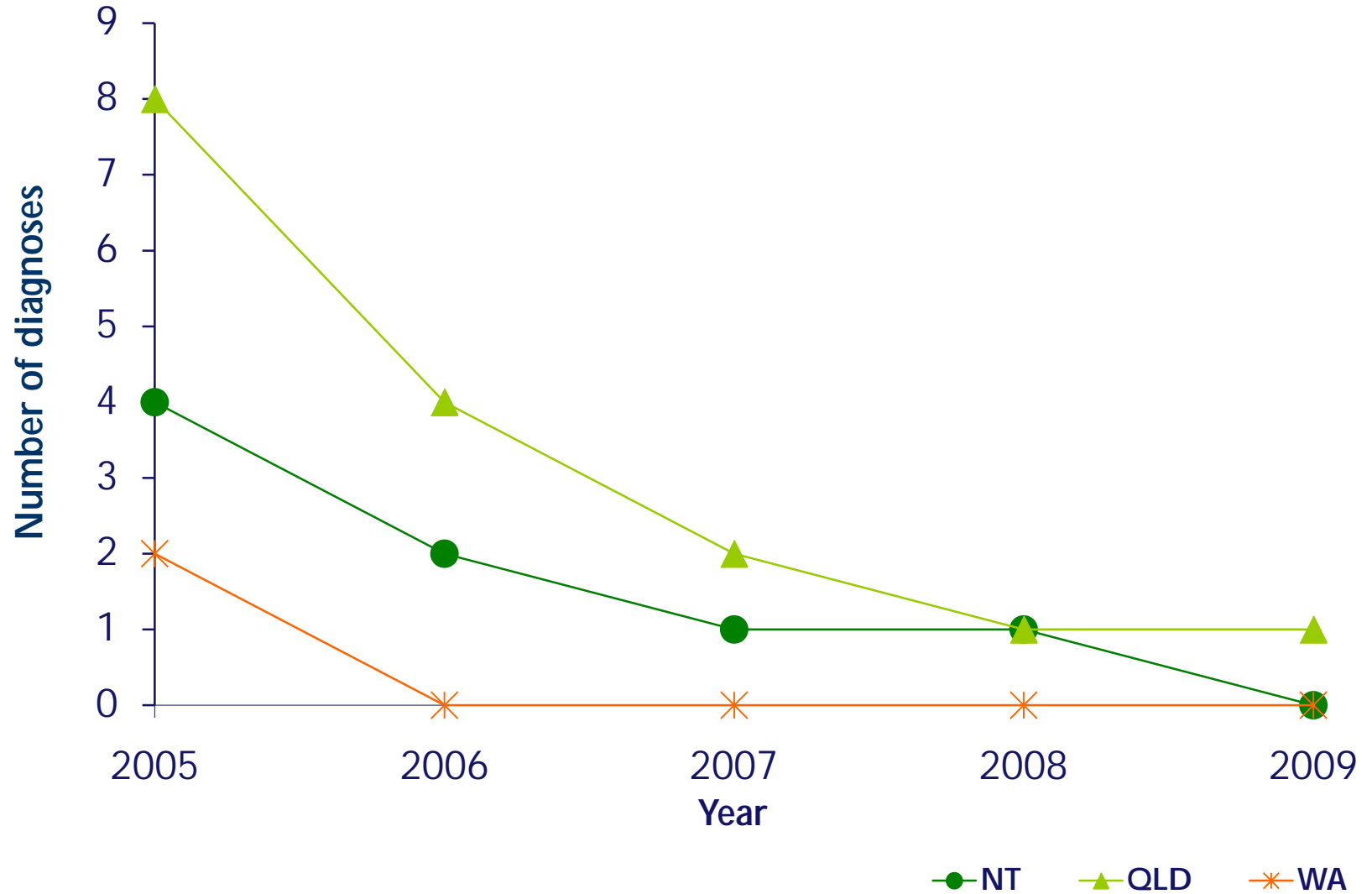
Donovanosis¹ by year



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, QLD & WA) reporting diagnoses of donovanosis

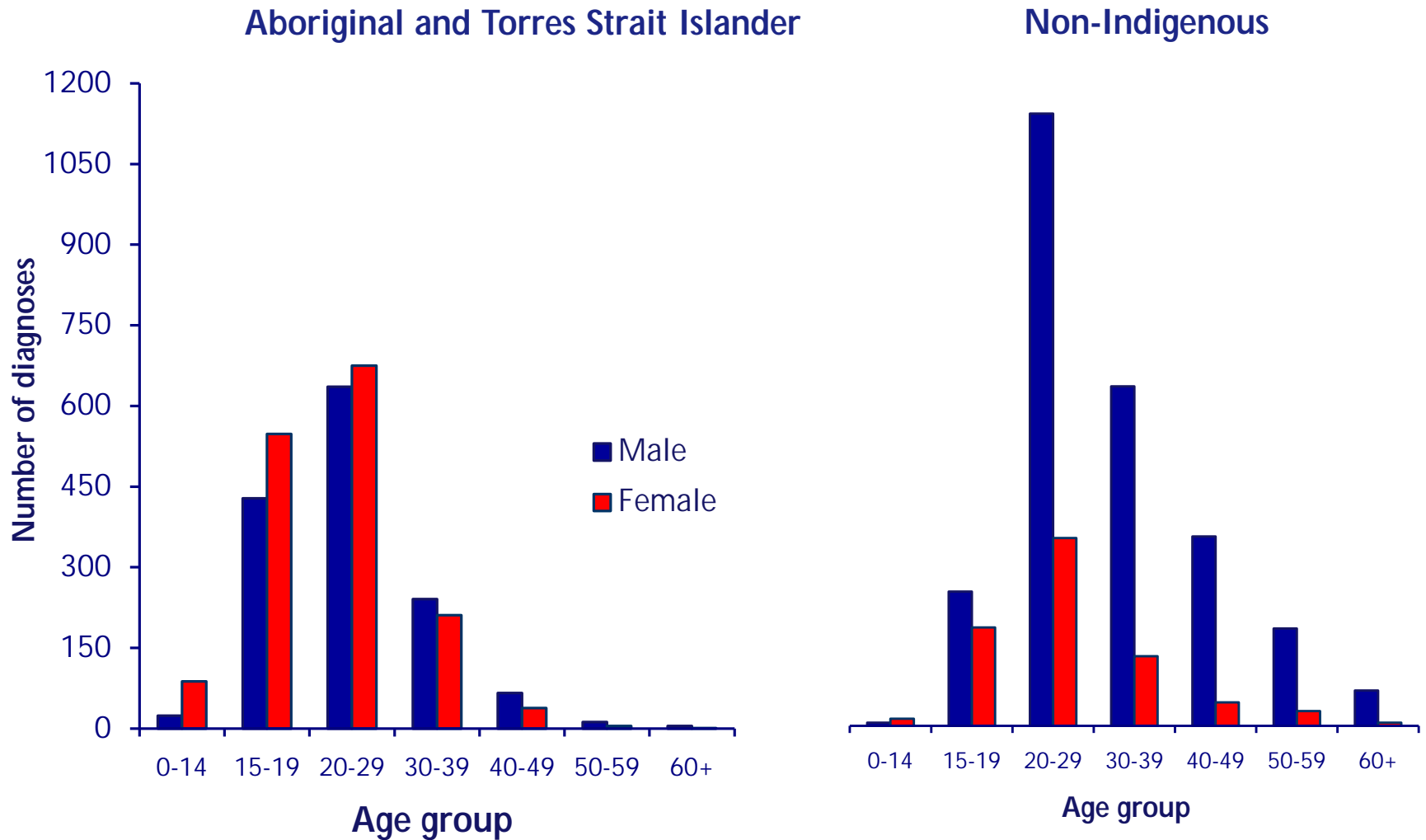
Source: State/Territory health authorities

Donovanosis by State/Territory¹ and year



Source: State/Territory health authorities

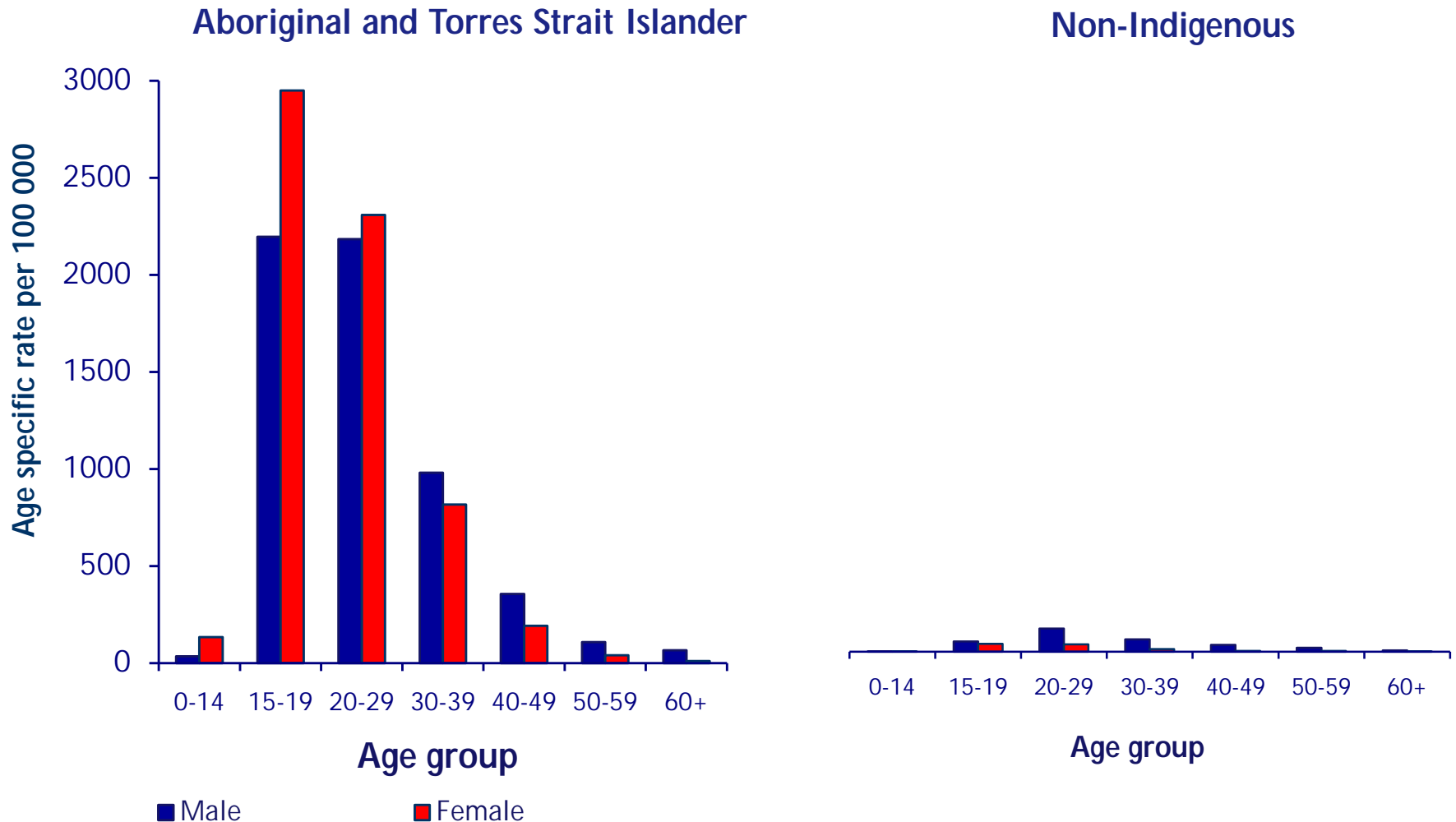
Number of diagnoses of gonorrhoea by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

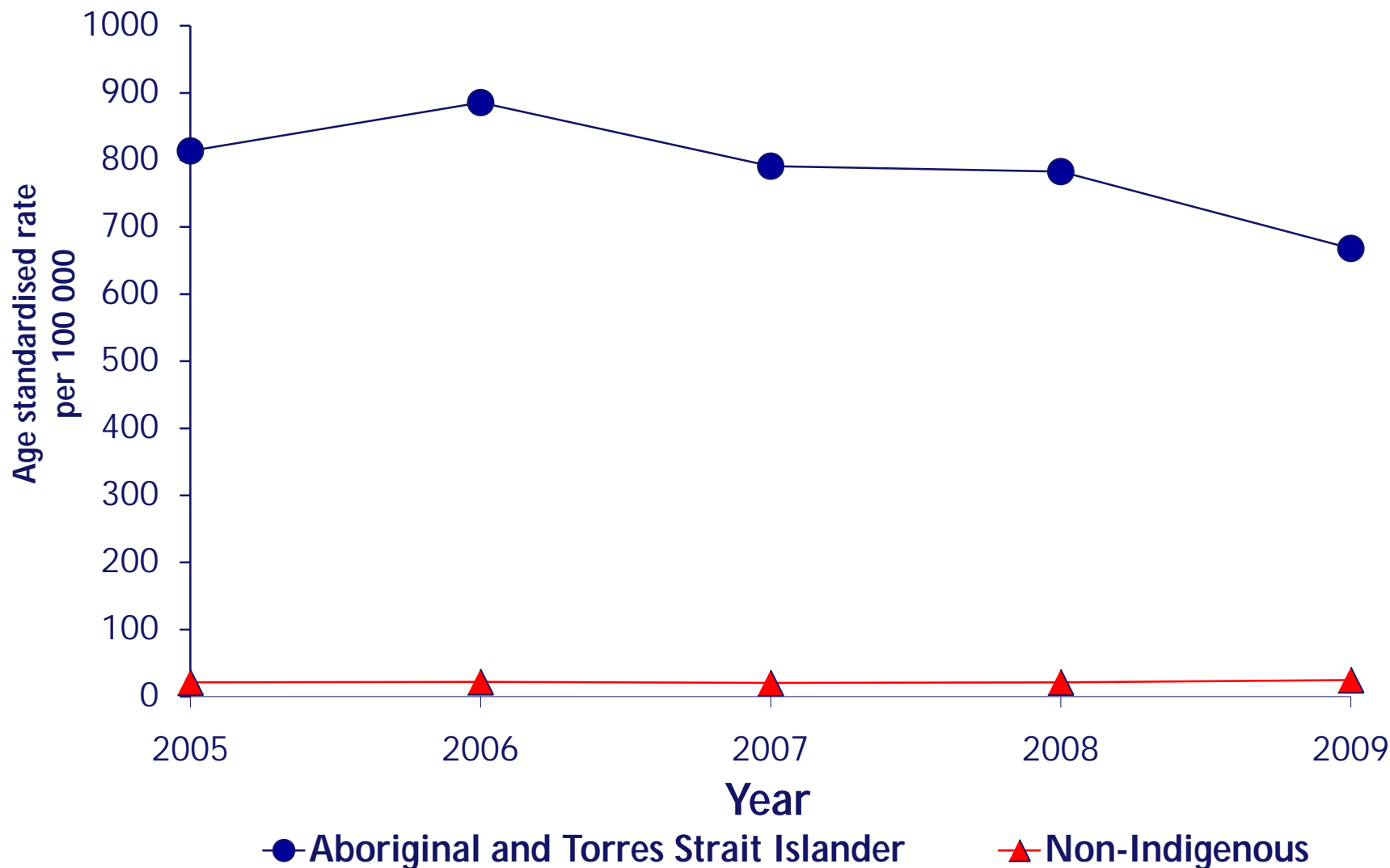
Rate of diagnosis of gonorrhoea by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

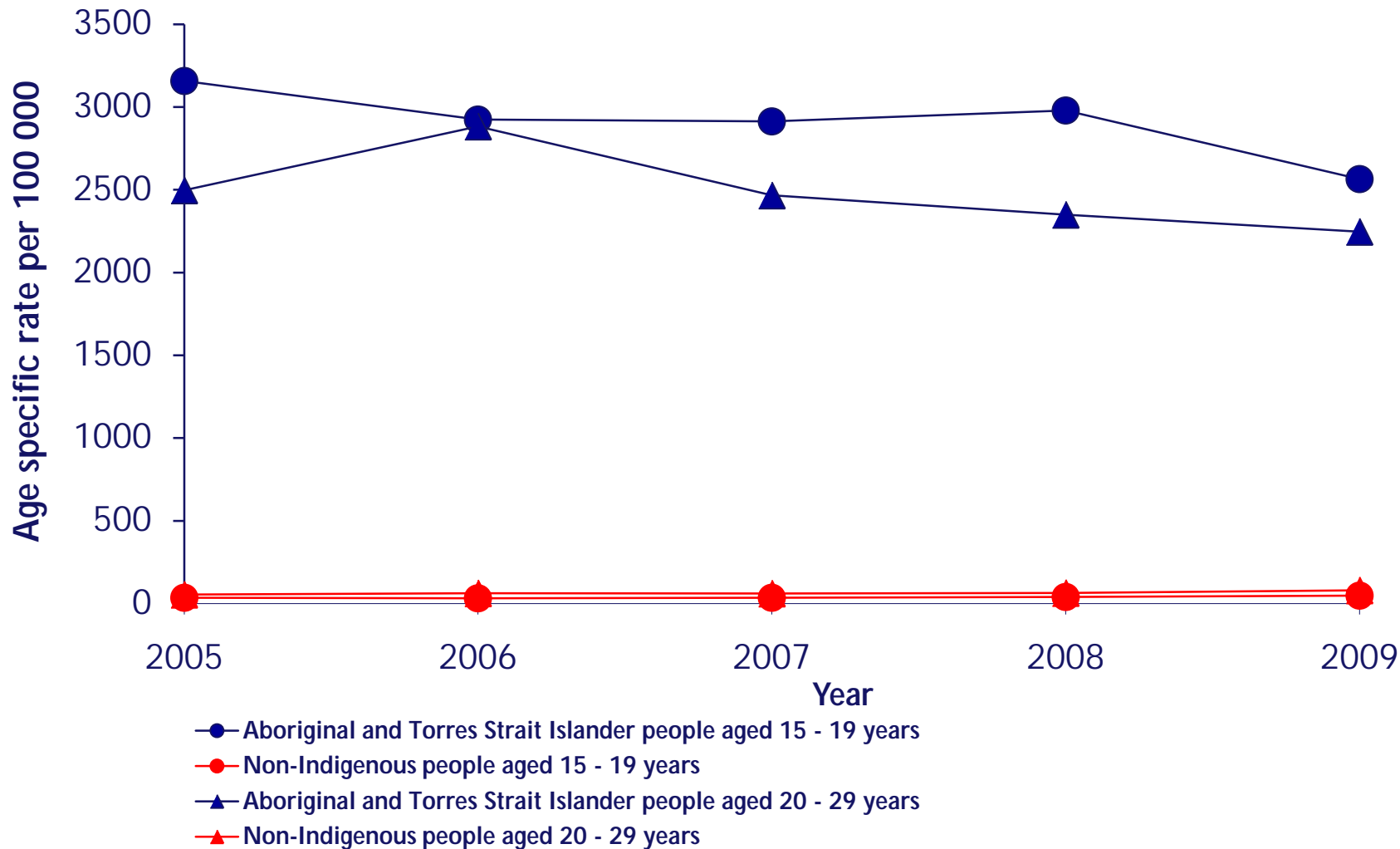
Gonorrhoea by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

Gonorrhoea in selected age groups by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and year

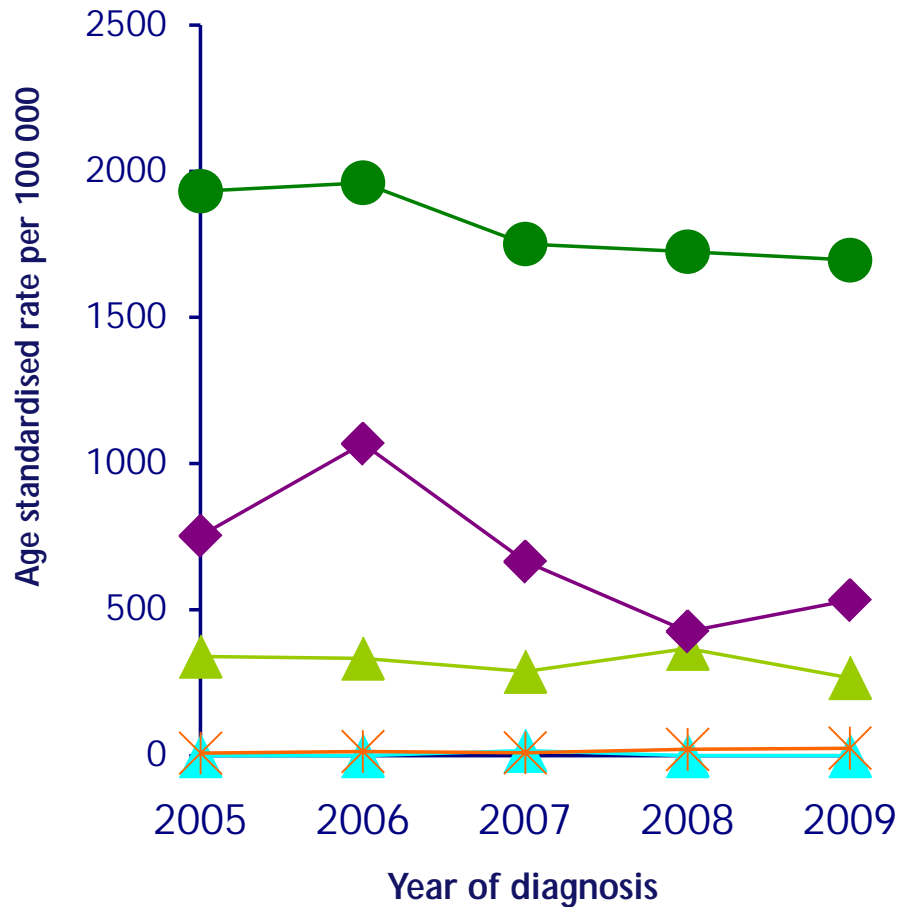


¹ Jurisdictions (NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

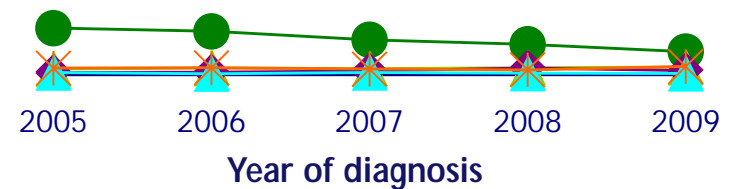
Source: State/Territory health authorities

Gonorrhoea by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status, State/Territory¹ and year

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander



Non-Indigenous

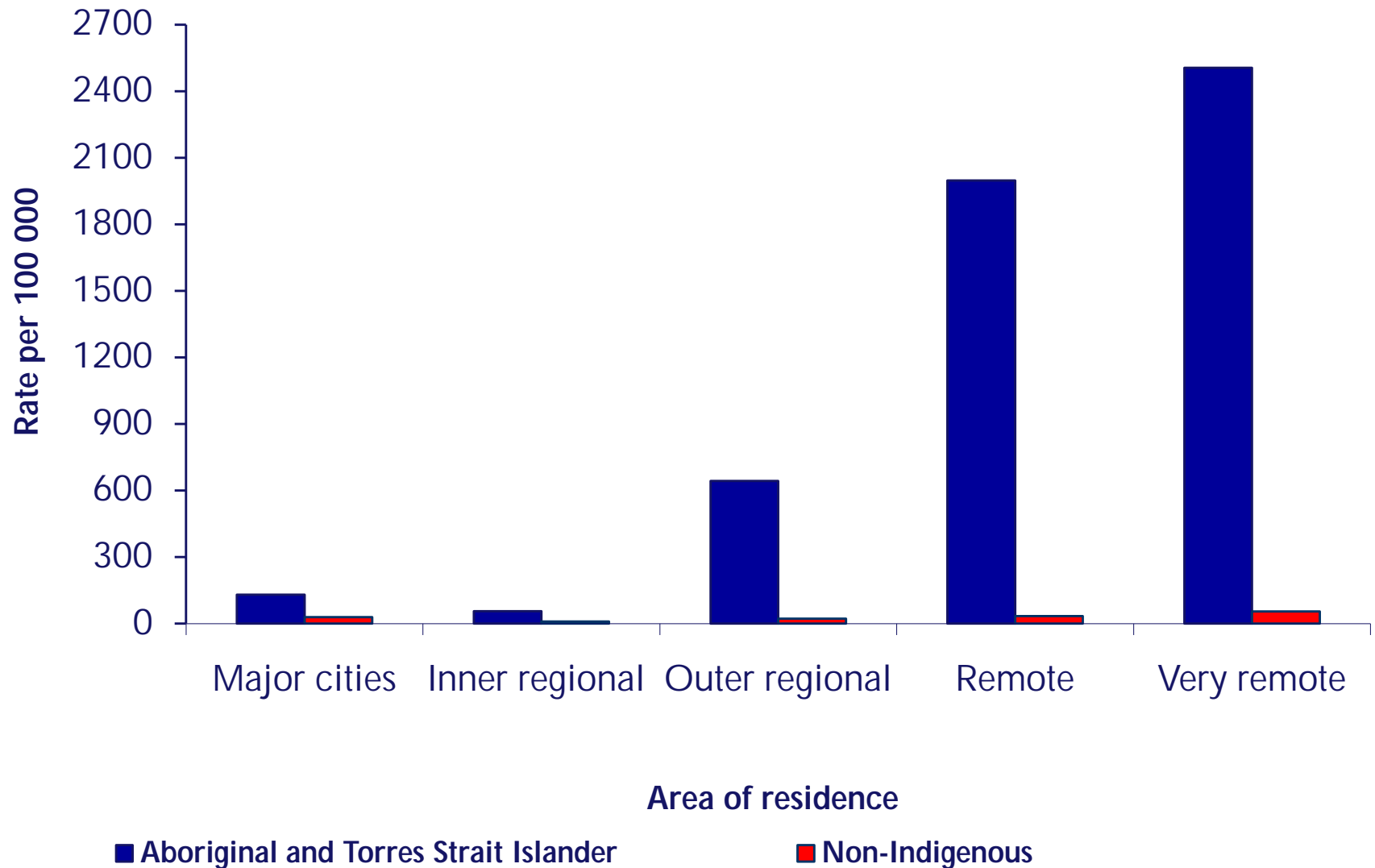


● NT ▲ QLD ◆ SA ▲ VIC * WA

¹ Jurisdictions (NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

Gonorrhoea by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and area of residence, 2009



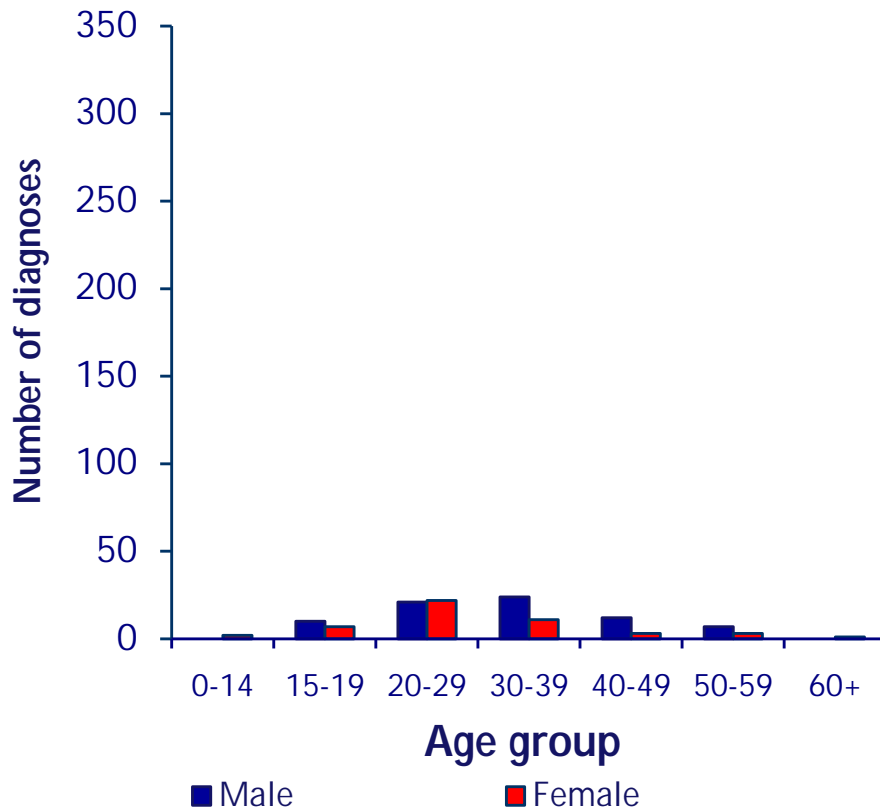
¹ Jurisdictions (NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

Number of diagnoses of infectious syphilis by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group, 2009

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander

Non-Indigenous



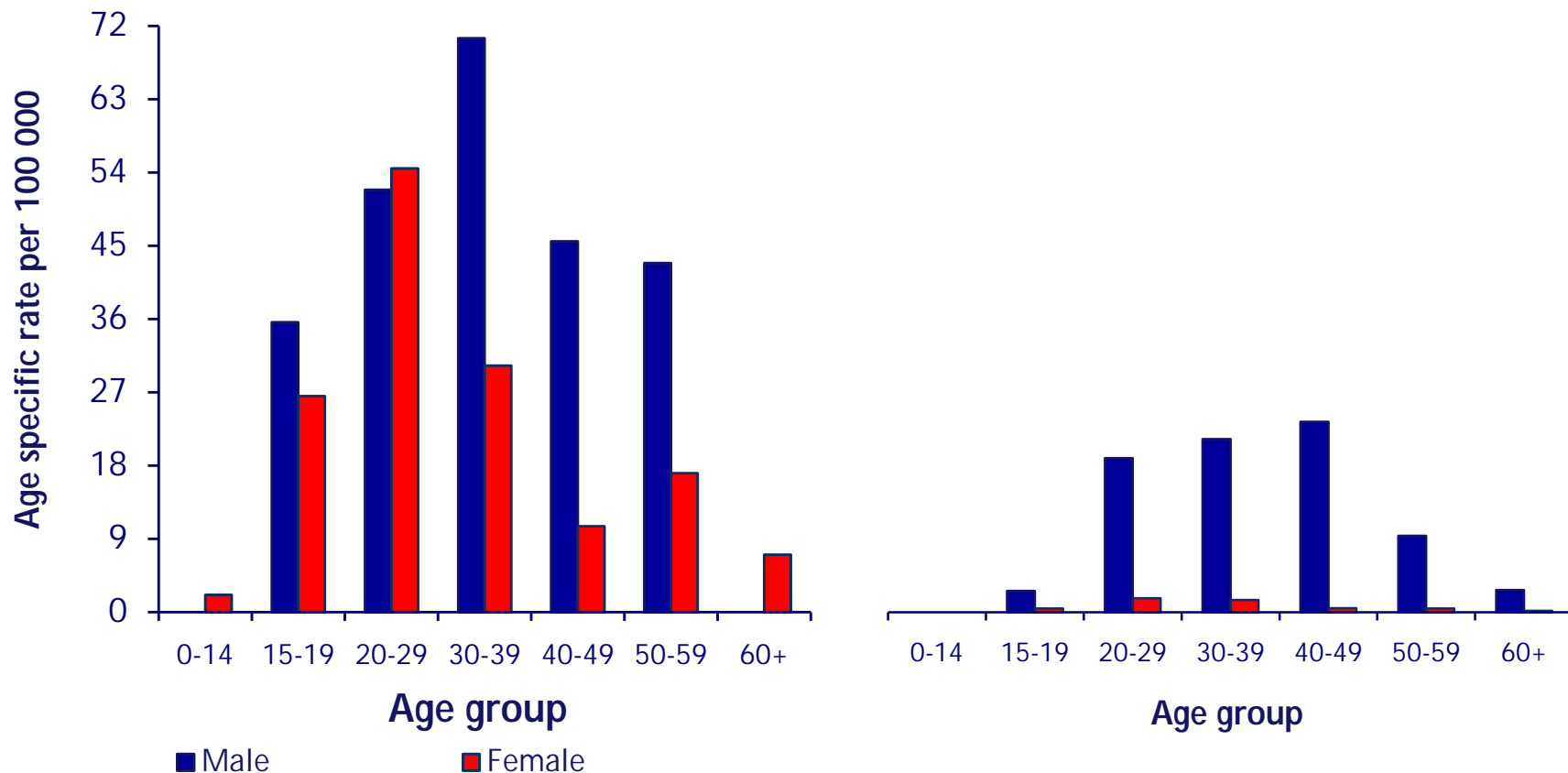
¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

Rate of diagnosis of infectious syphilis by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group, 2009

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander

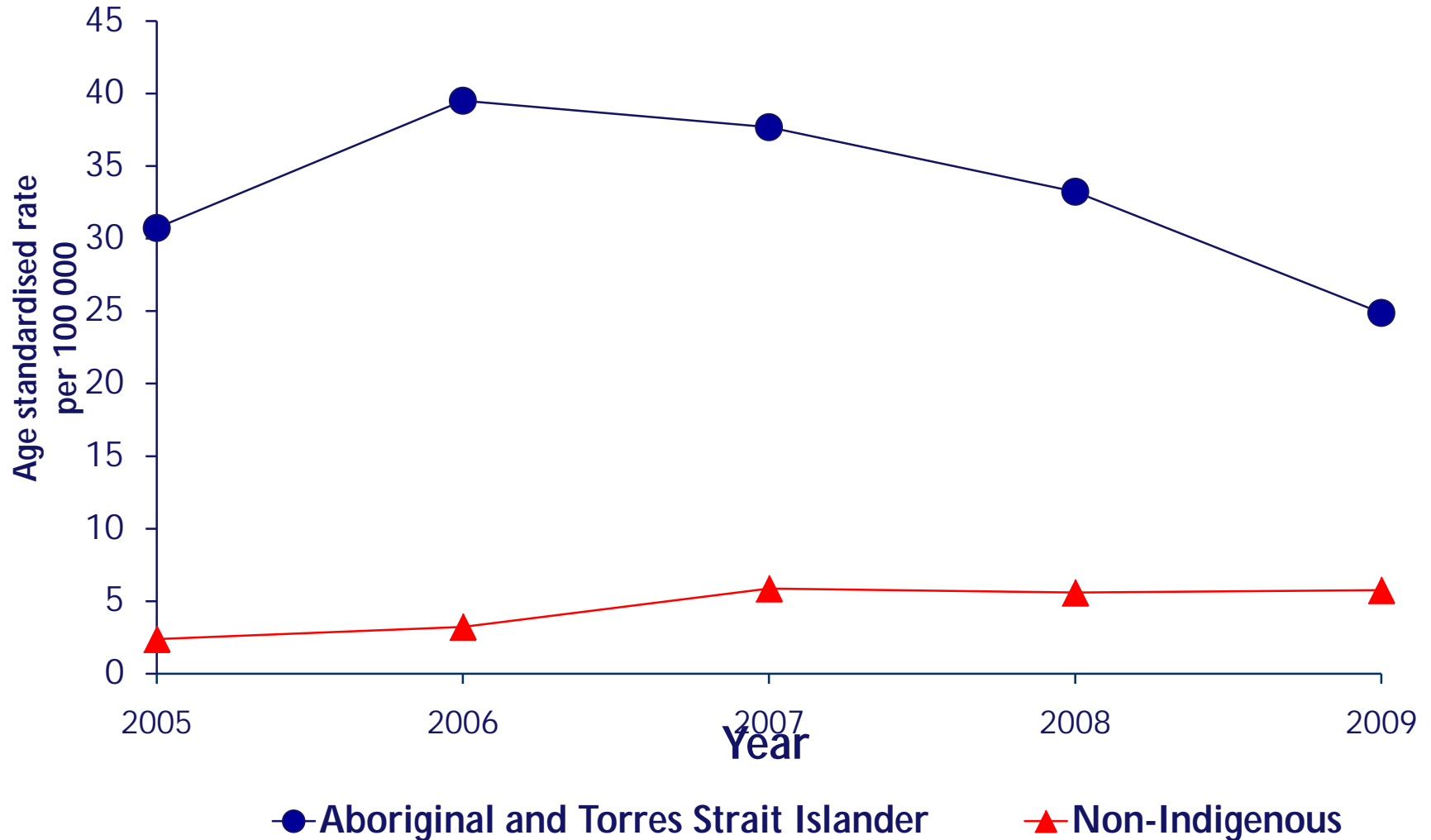
Non-Indigenous



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

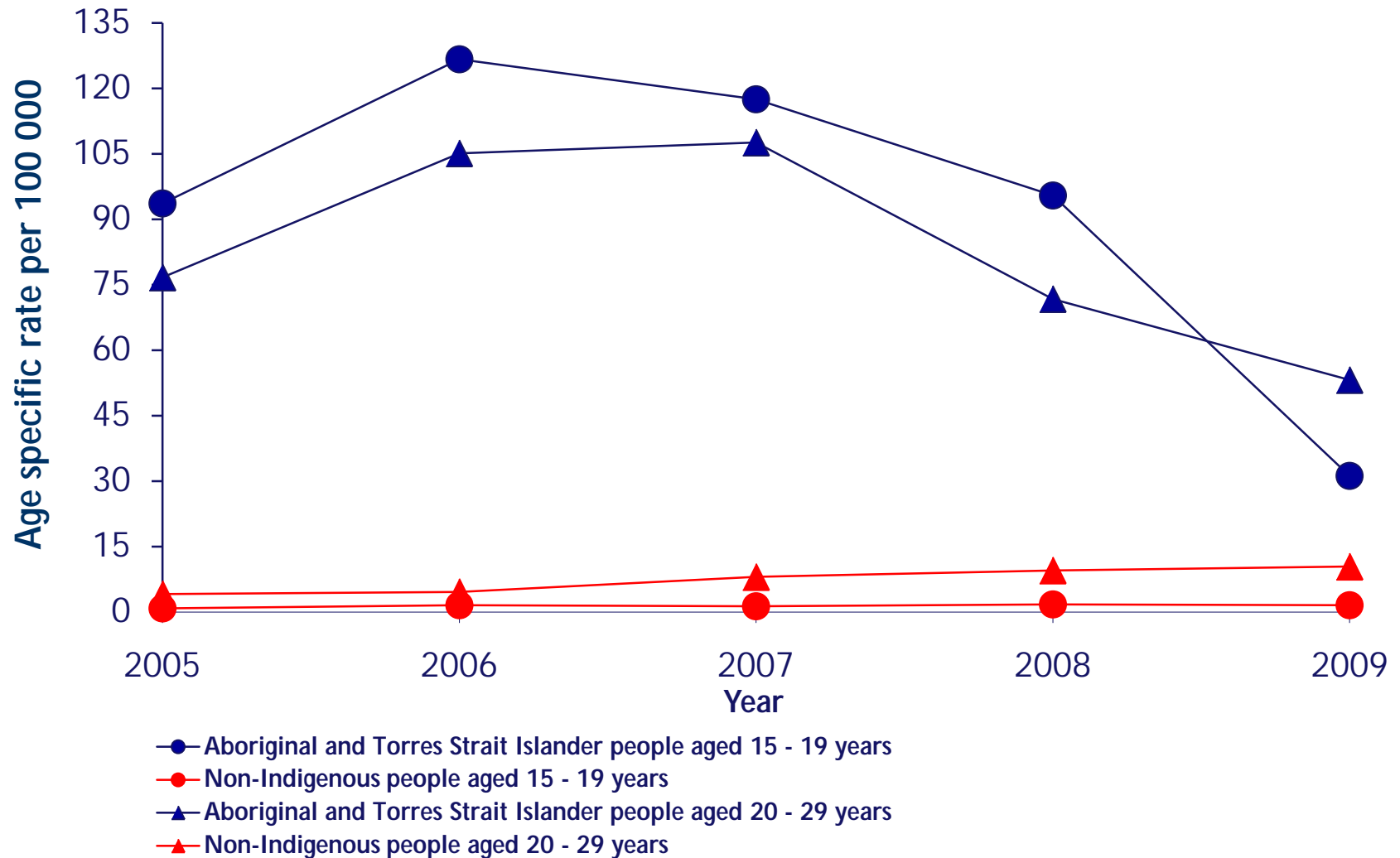
Infectious syphilis¹ by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses.

Source: State/Territory health authorities

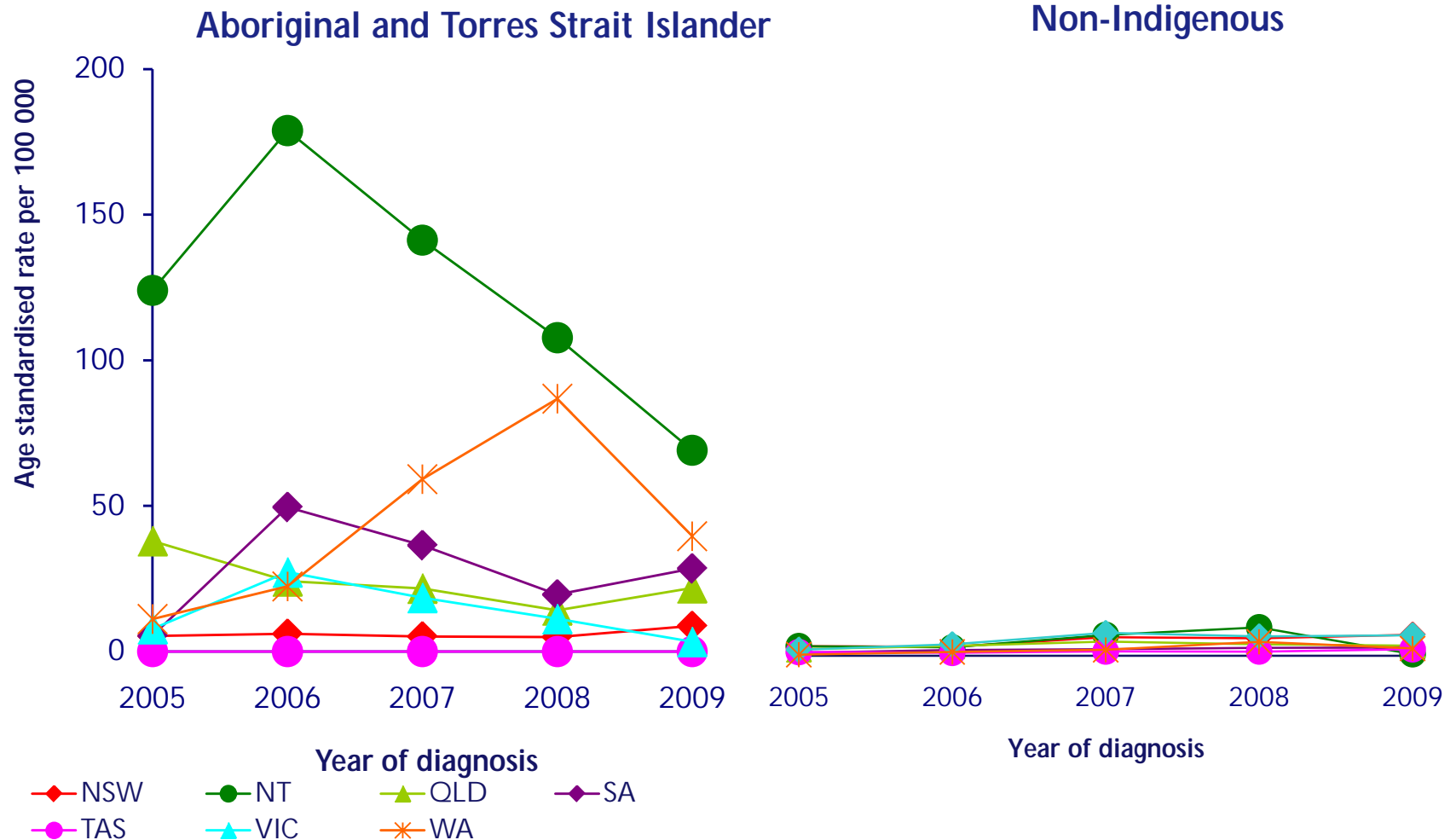
Infectious syphilis¹ in selected age groups by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status and year



1 Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

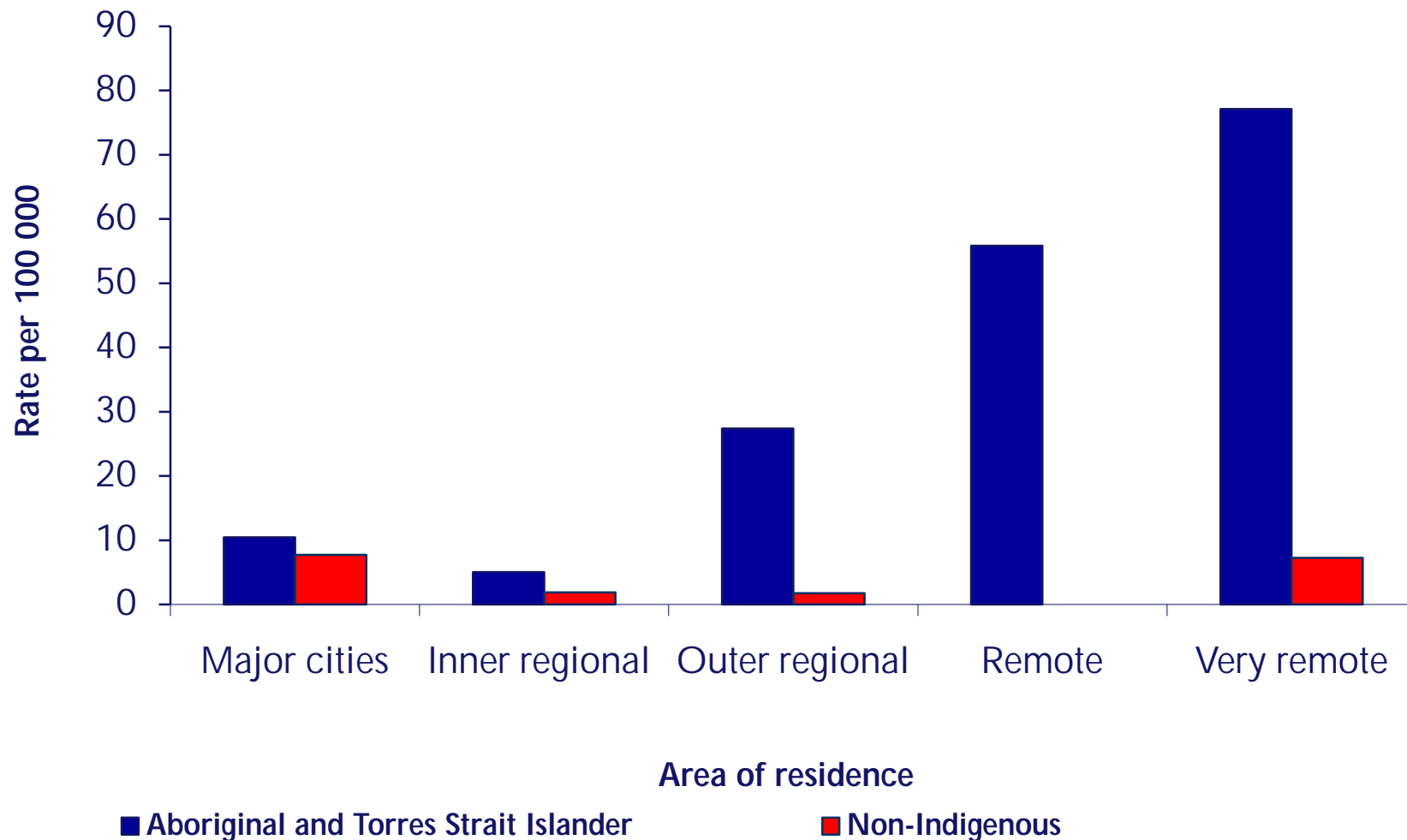
Infectious syphilis by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status, State/Territory¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

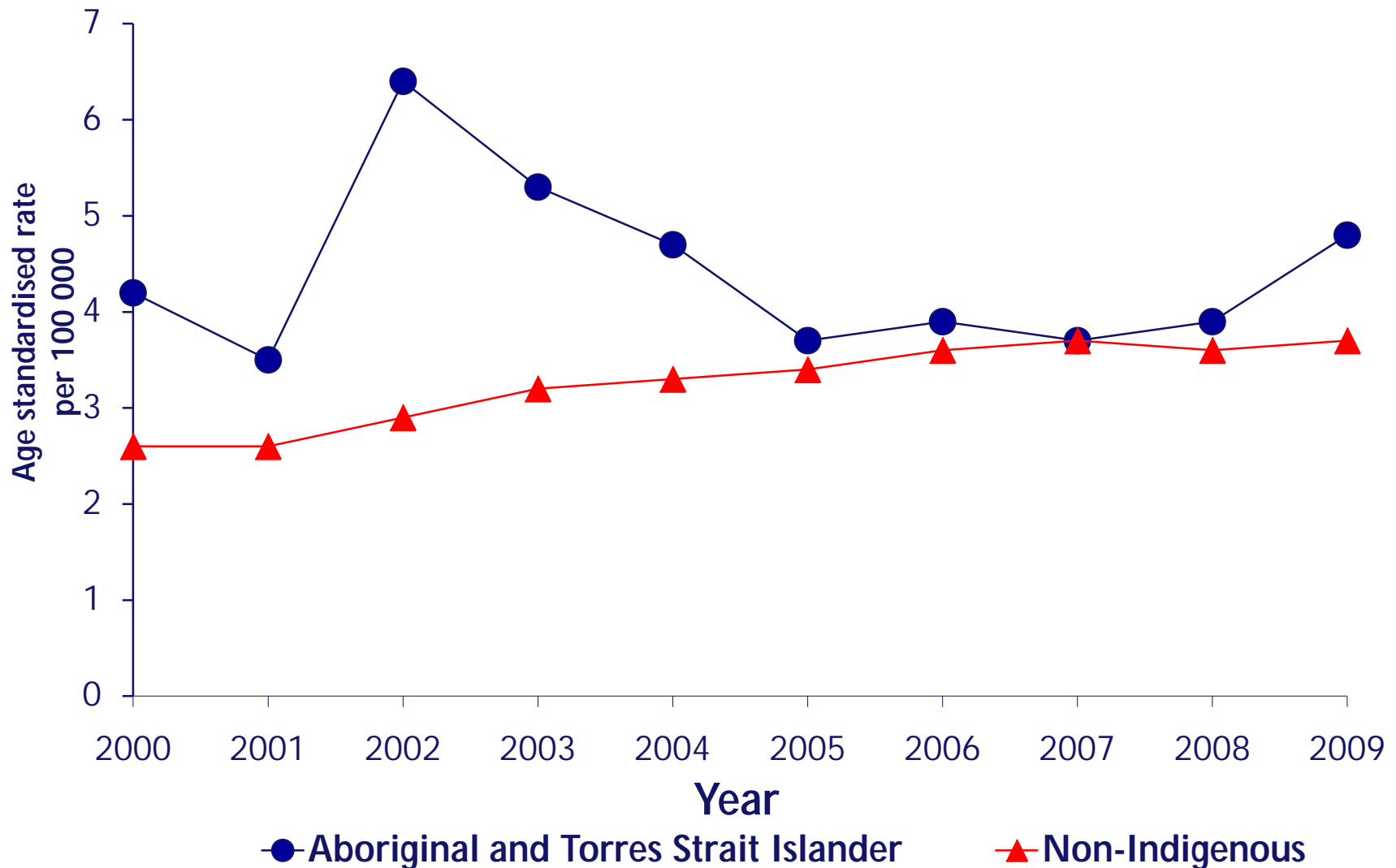
Infectious syphilis by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and area of residence, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, TAS, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

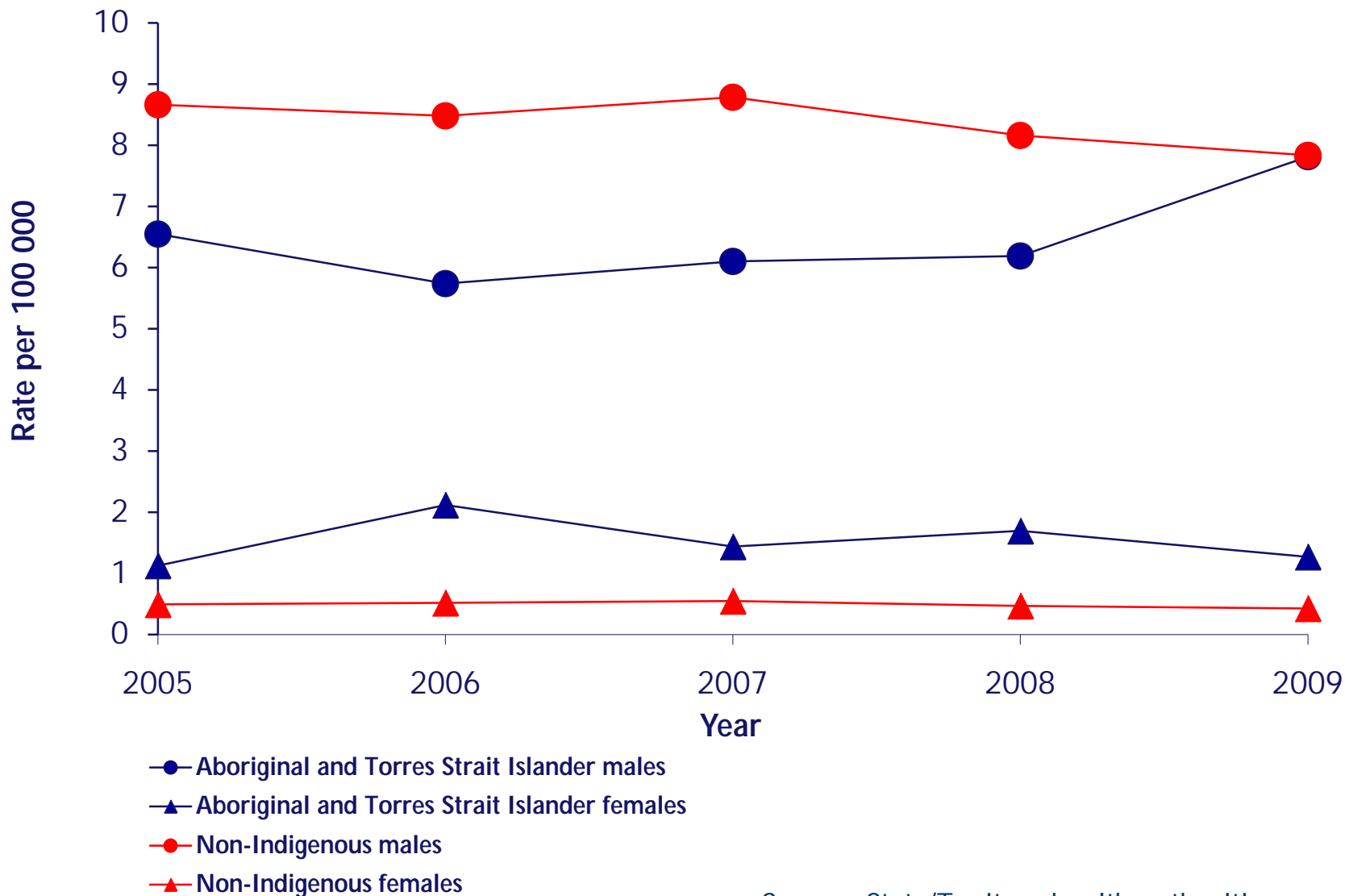
Source: State/Territory health authorities

Newly diagnosed HIV infection, 2000 – 2009, by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status and year



Source: State/Territory health authorities

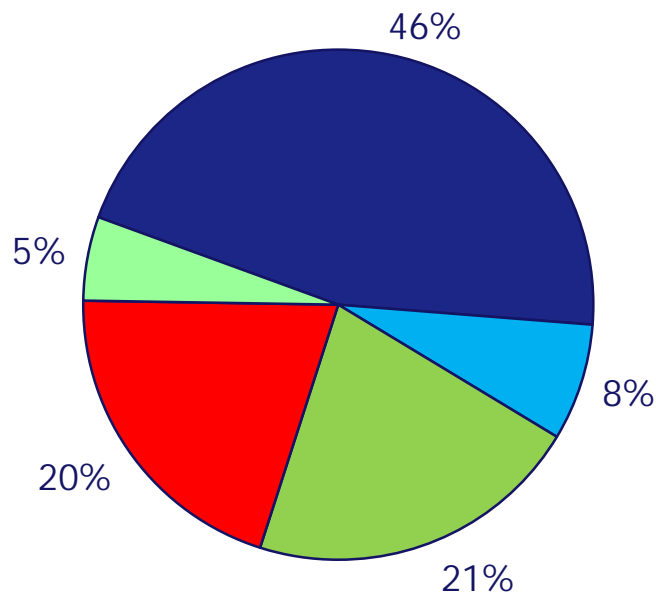
HIV diagnoses in Australian born people, 2005 – 2009, by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status, sex and year



Source: State/Territory health authorities

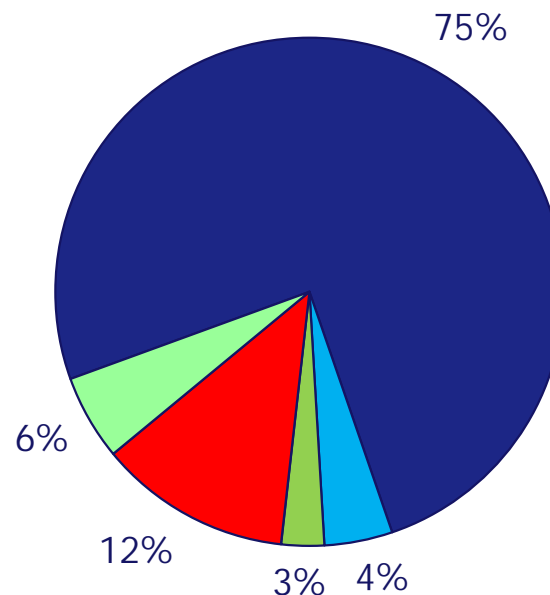
HIV diagnoses in Australian born people, 2005 - 2009, by exposure category and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander



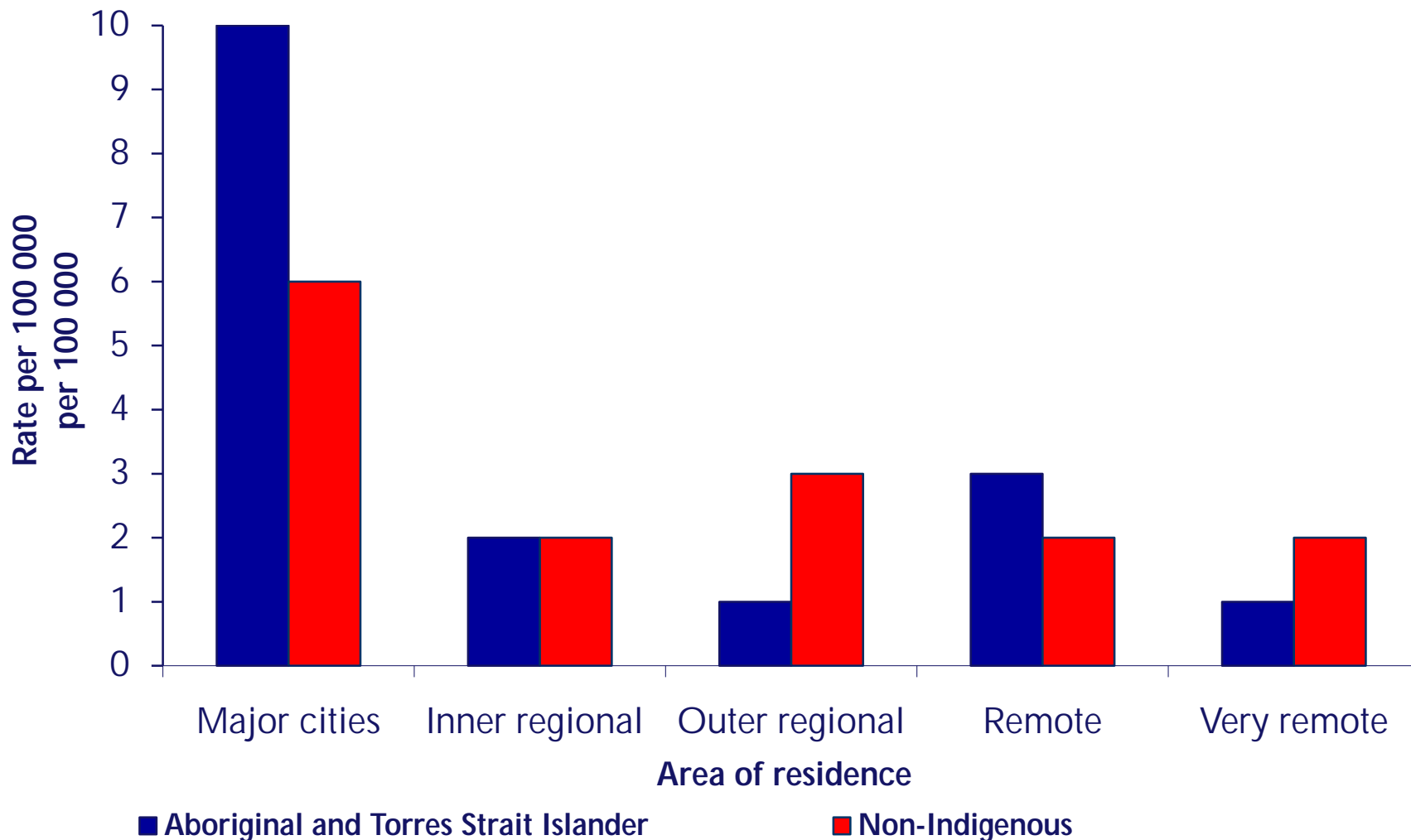
- Male homosexual contact
- Male homosexual contact and injecting drug use
- Injecting drug use
- Heterosexual contact
- Other/undetermined

Non-Indigenous



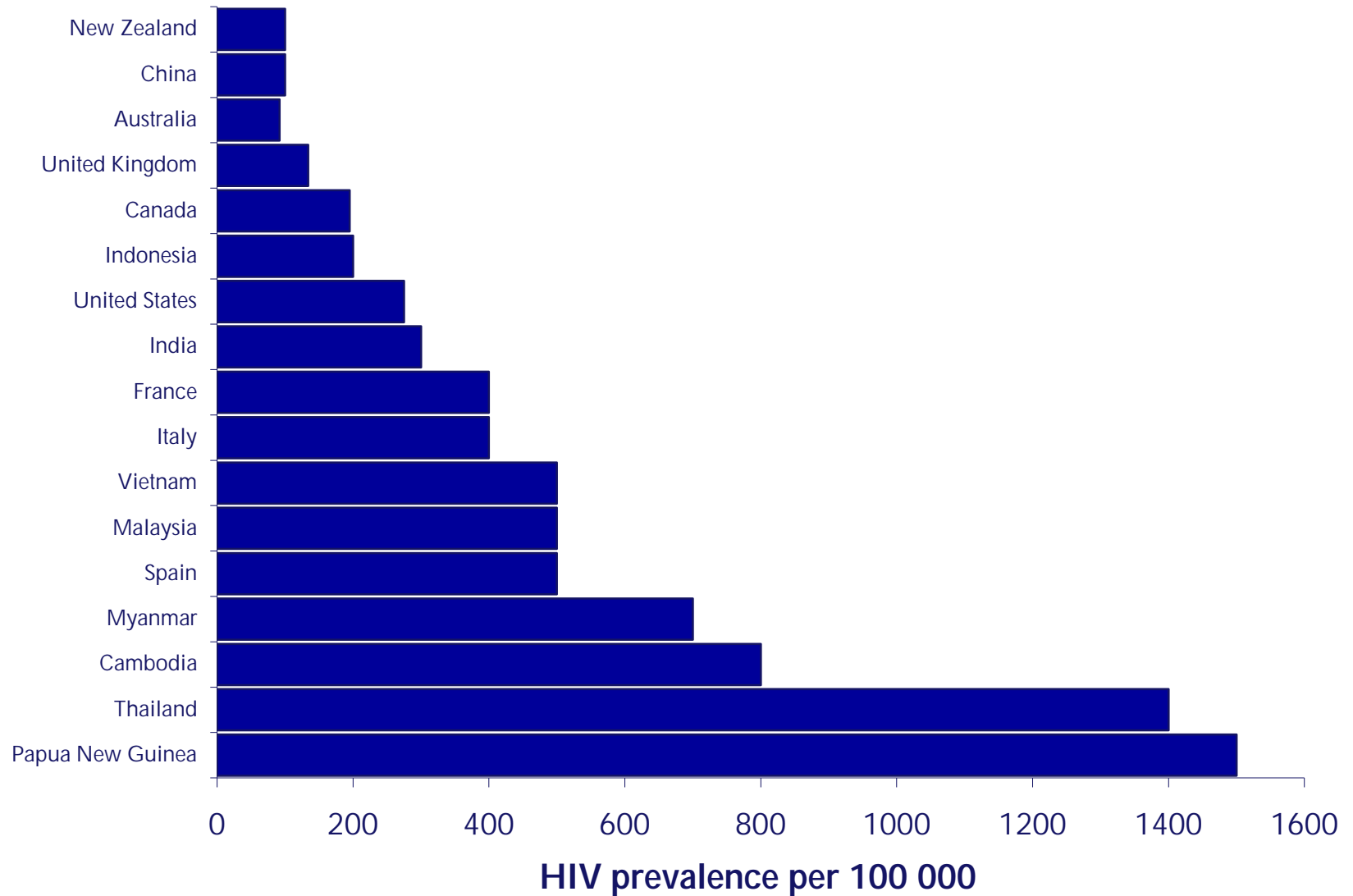
Source: State/Territory health authorities

Newly diagnosed HIV infection by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status and area of residence, 2009

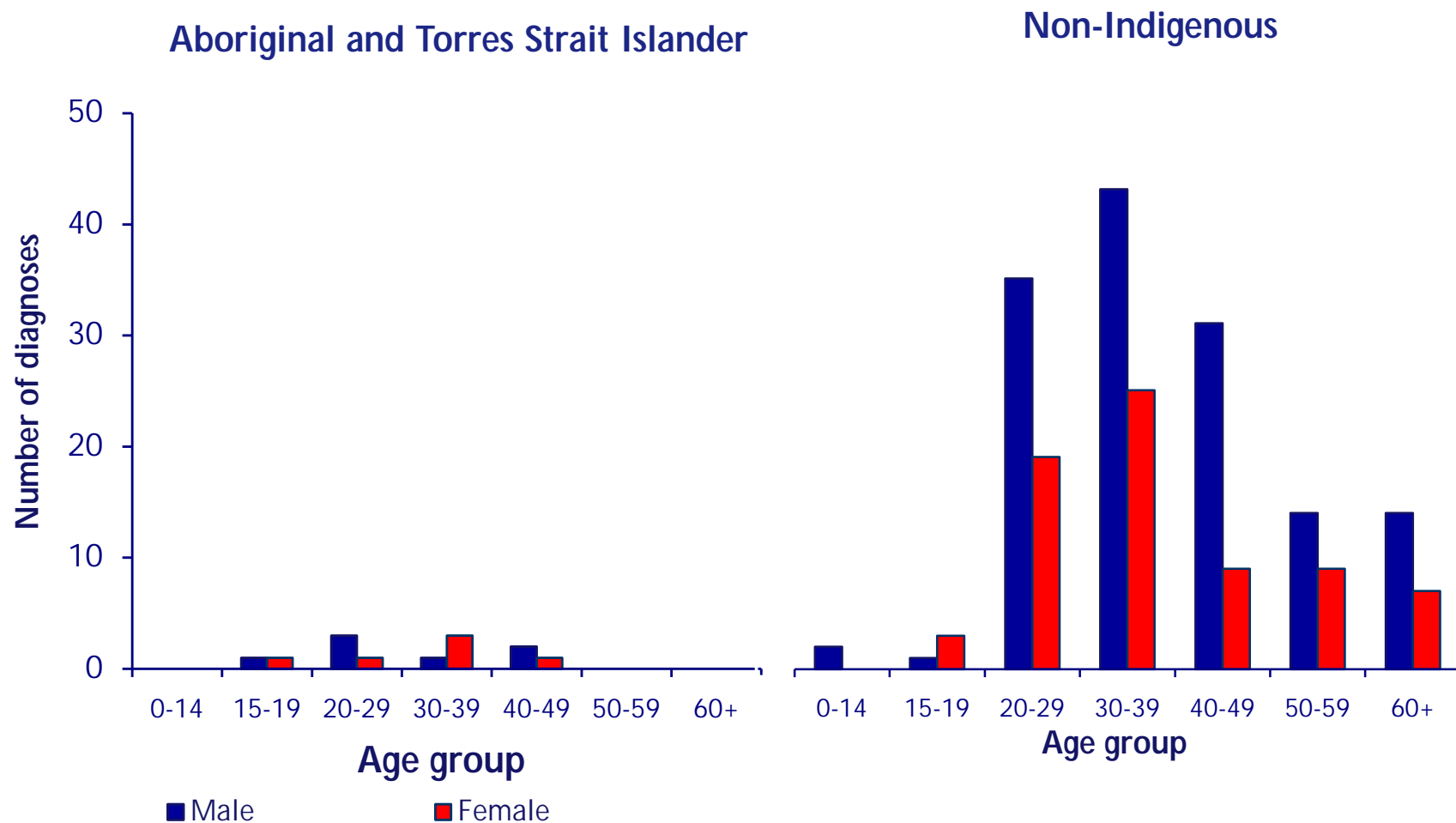


Source: State/Territory health authorities

HIV prevalence in the population aged 15 – 49 years in selected countries

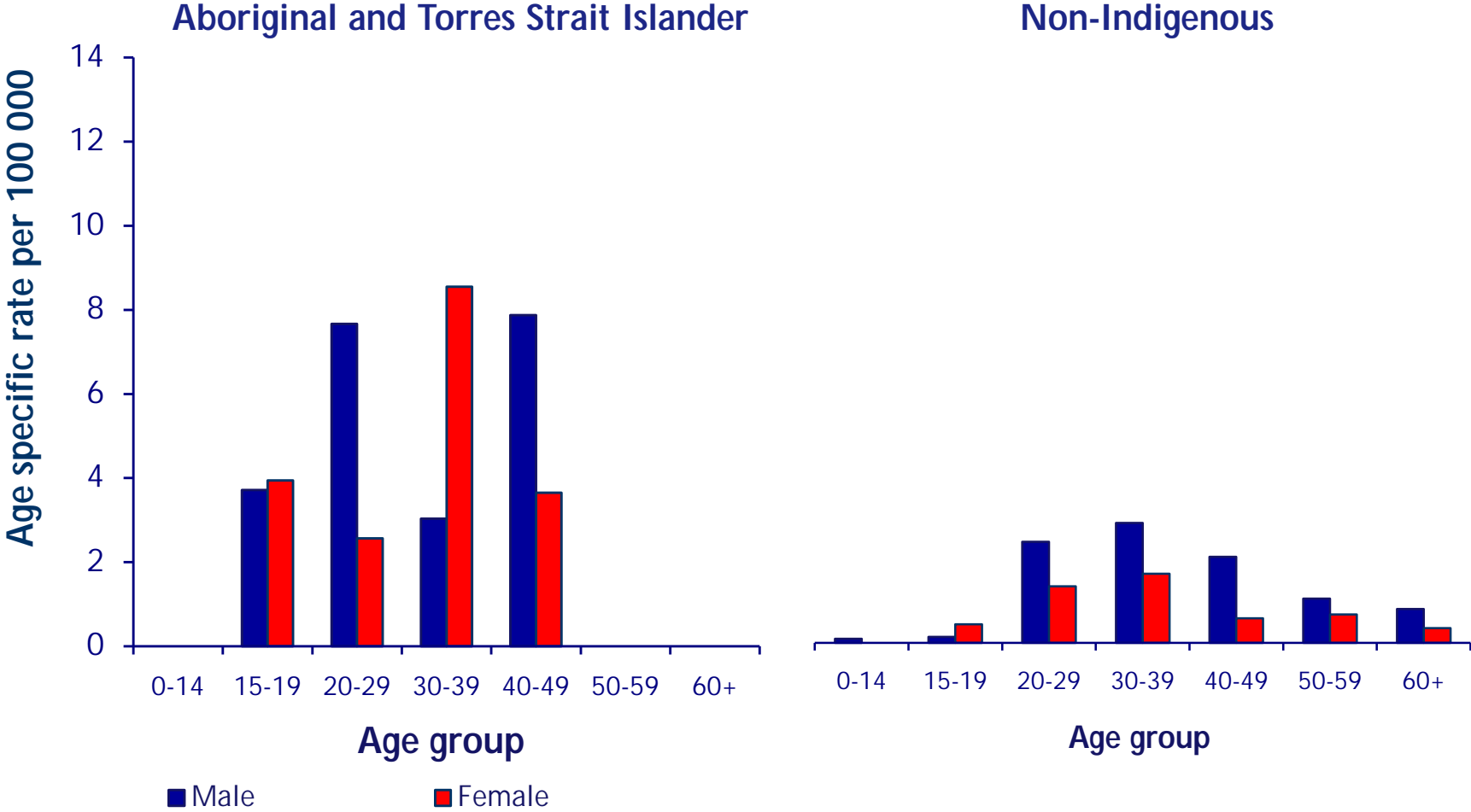


Number of diagnoses of newly acquired hepatitis B infection by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

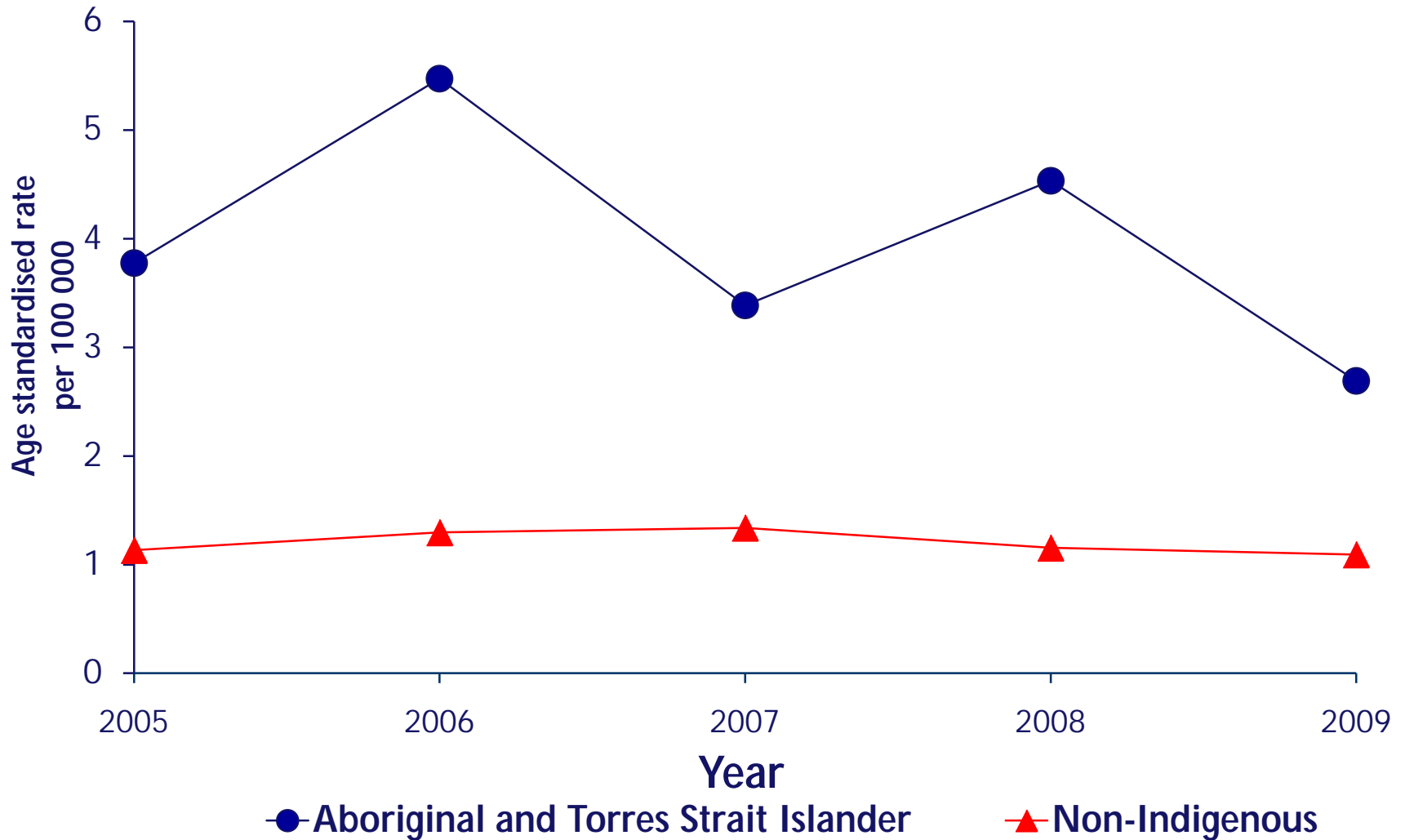
Rate of diagnosis of newly acquired hepatitis B infection by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

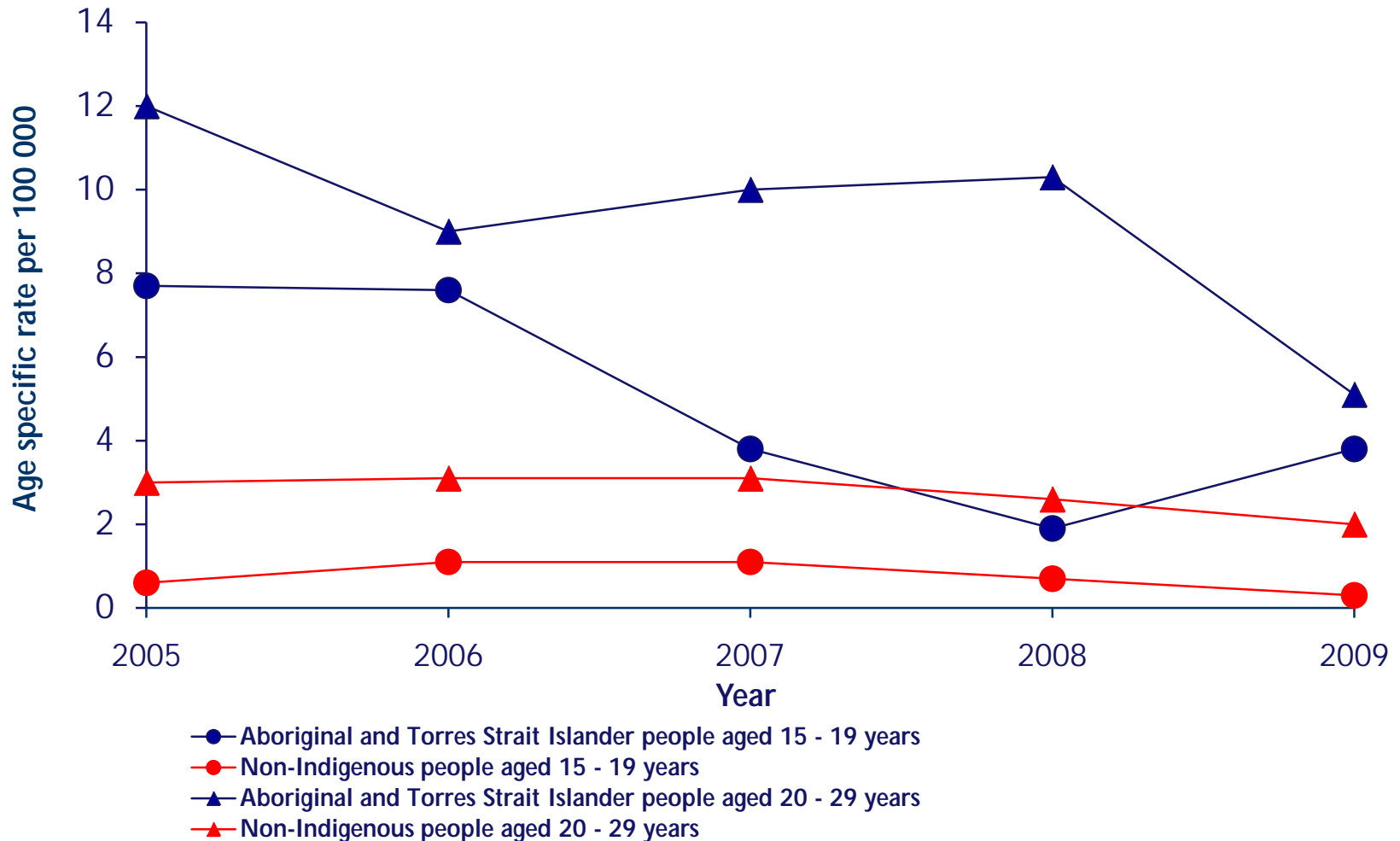
Newly acquired hepatitis B infection by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

Newly acquired hepatitis B infection in selected age groups by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status and year

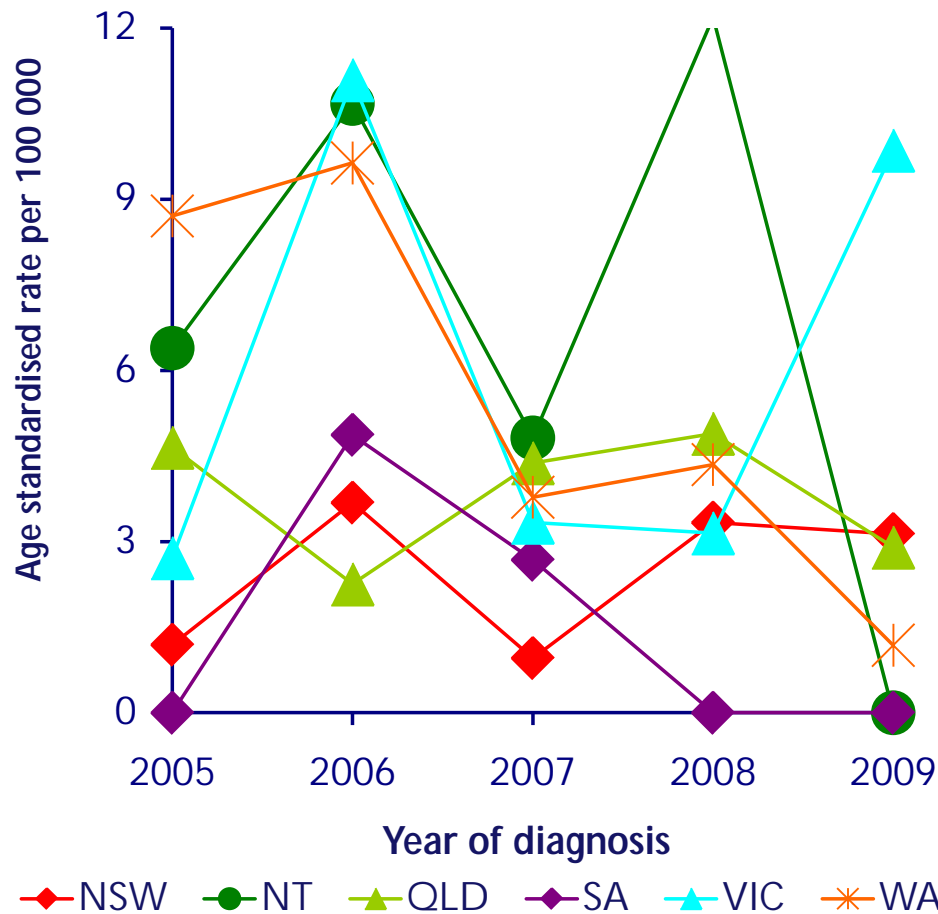


1 Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, VIC & WA) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses.

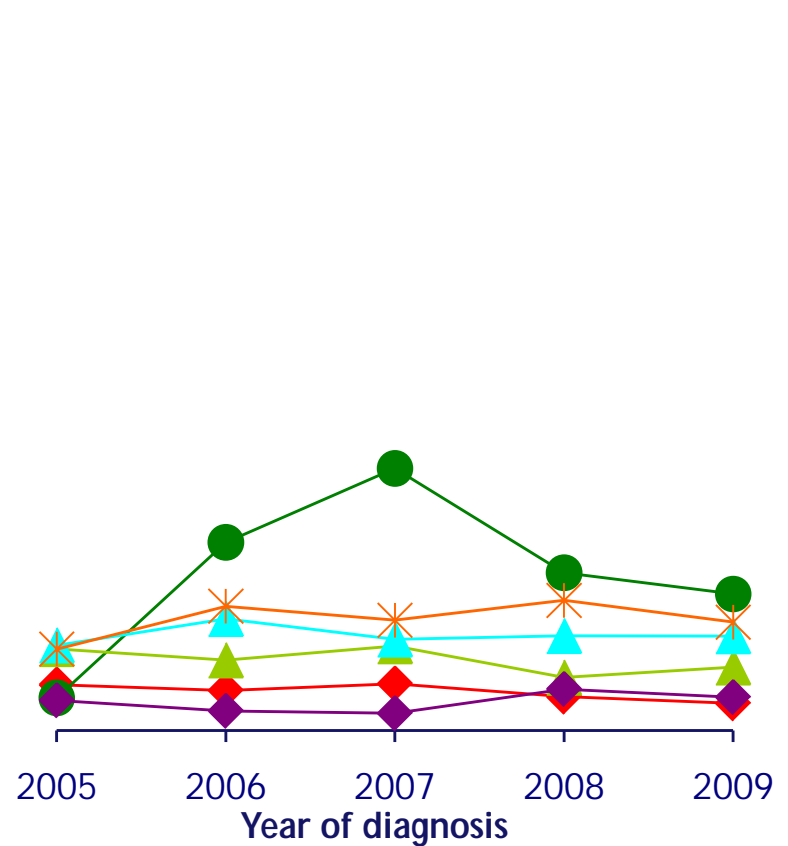
Source: State/Territory health authorities

Newly acquired hepatitis B infection by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status, State/Territory¹ and year

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander



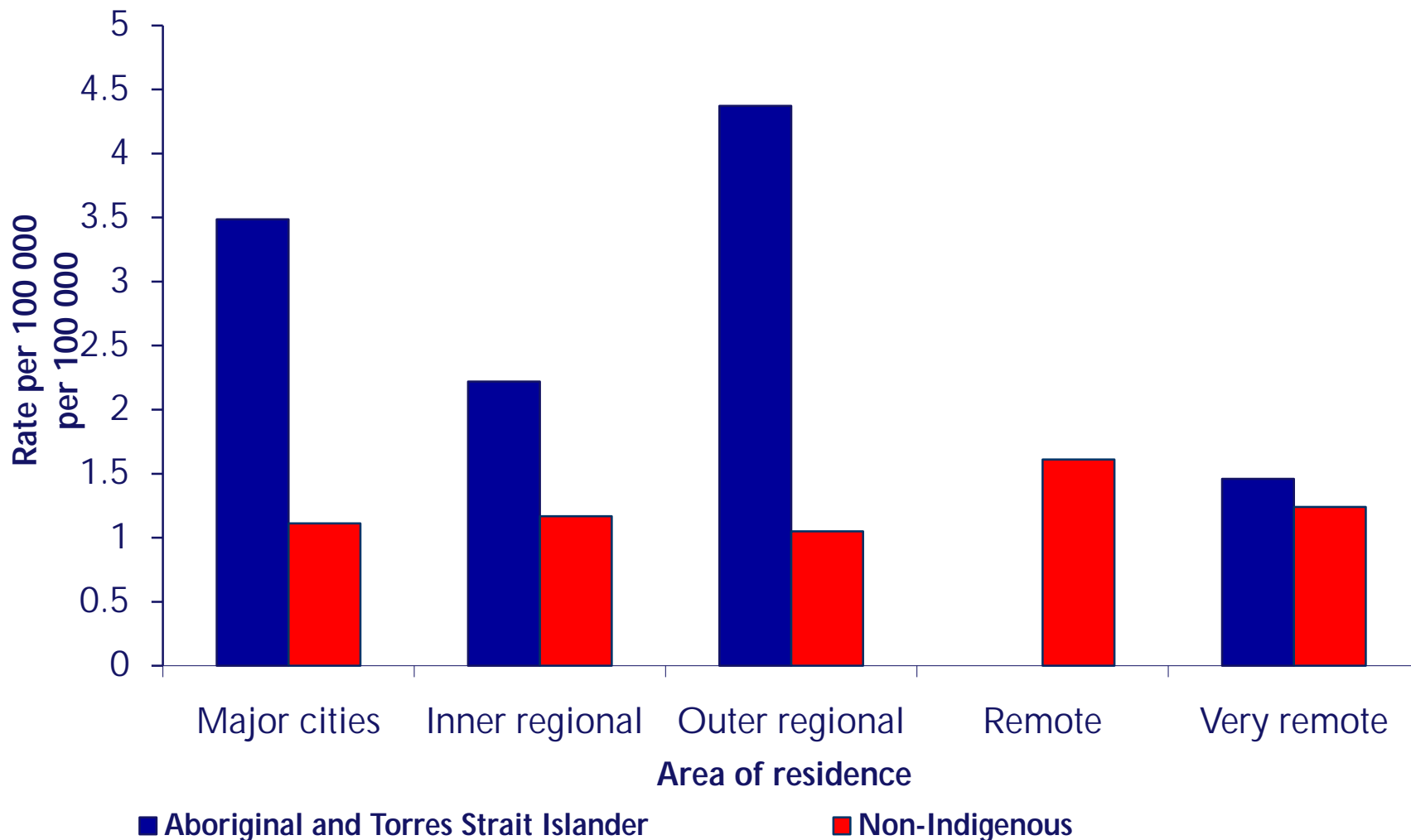
Non-Indigenous



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

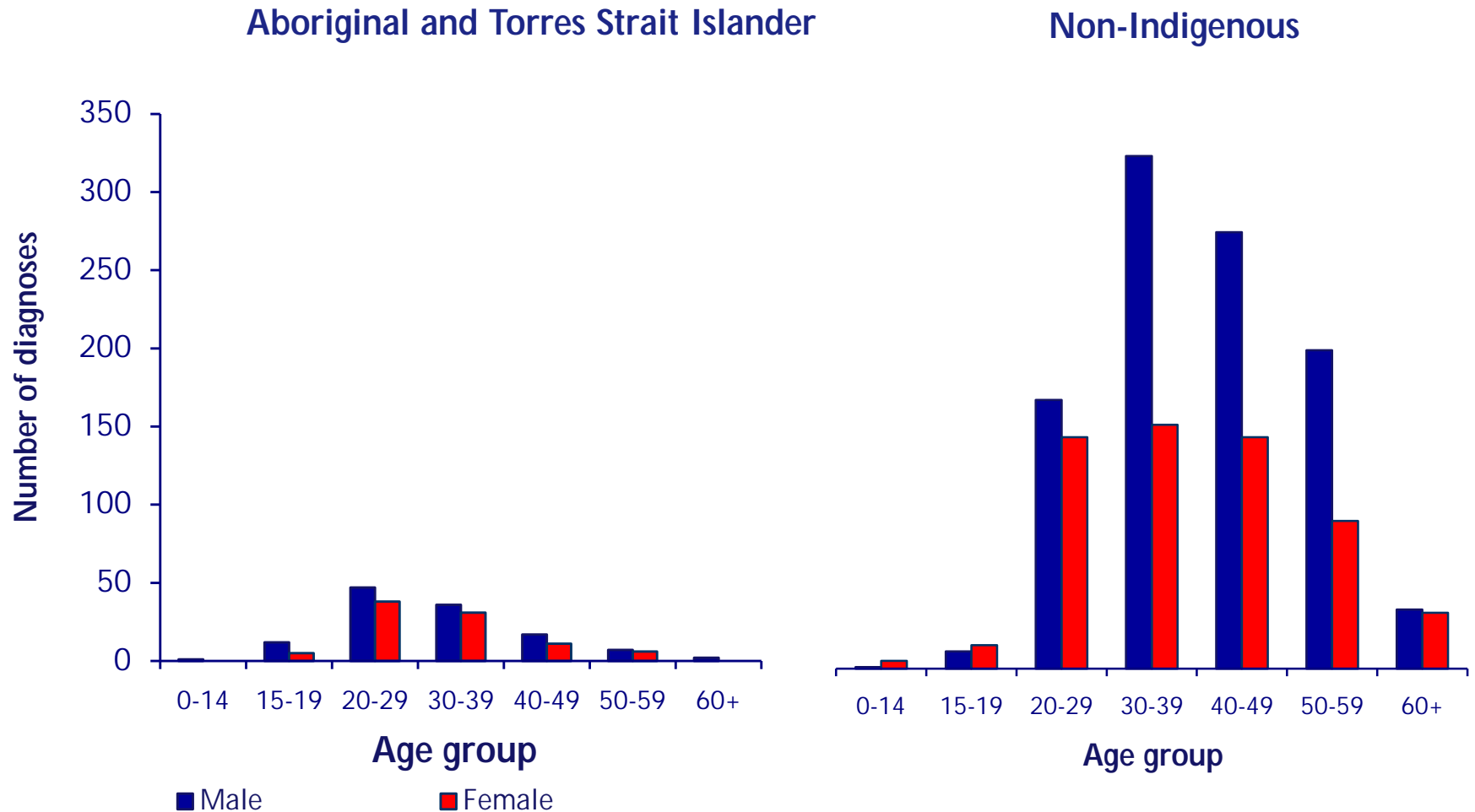
Newly acquired hepatitis B infection by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and area of residence, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NSW, NT, QLD, SA, VIC & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

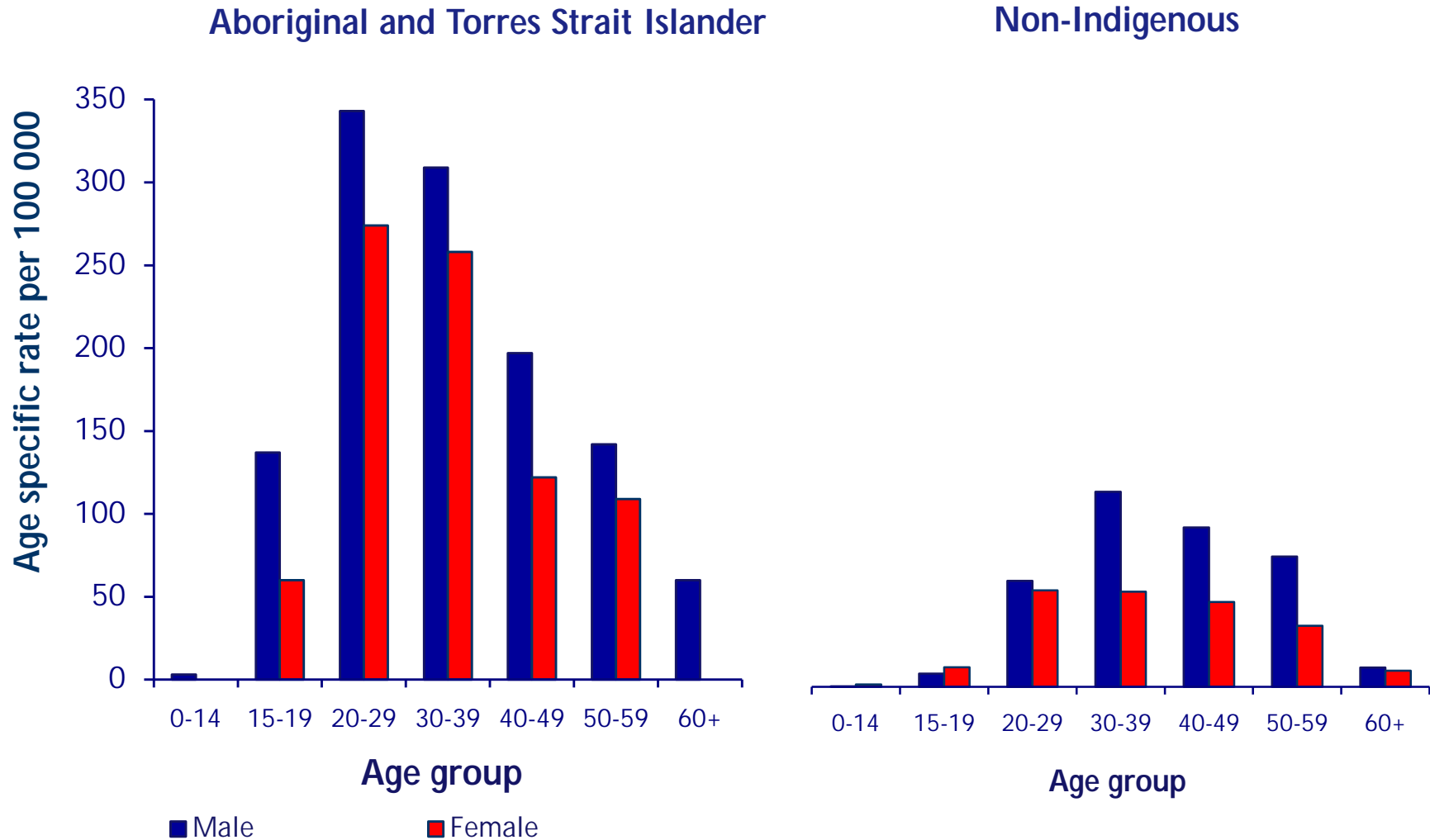
Number of diagnoses of hepatitis C antibody by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

Rate of diagnosis of hepatitis C antibody by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹, sex and age group, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

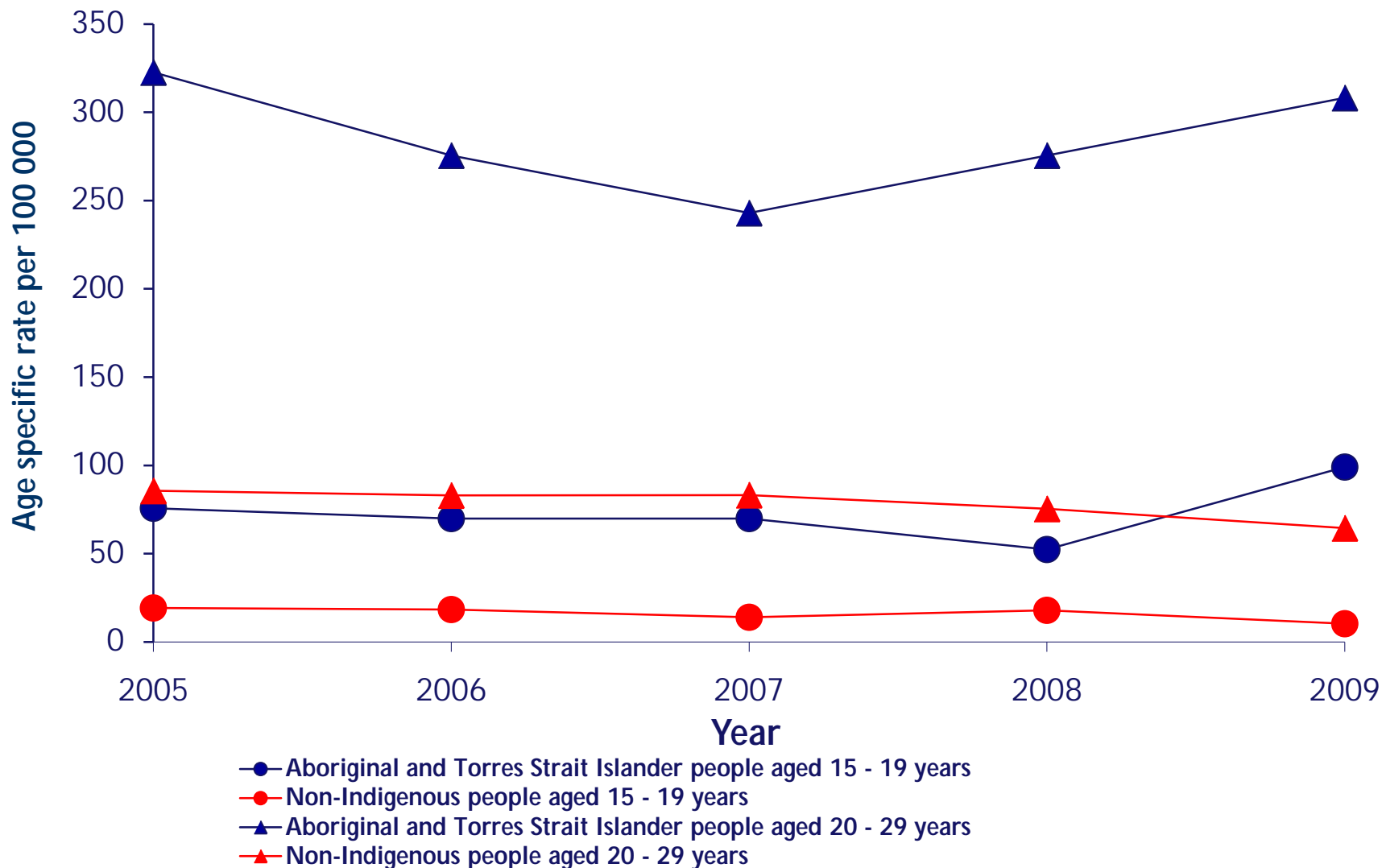
Hepatitis C antibody by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

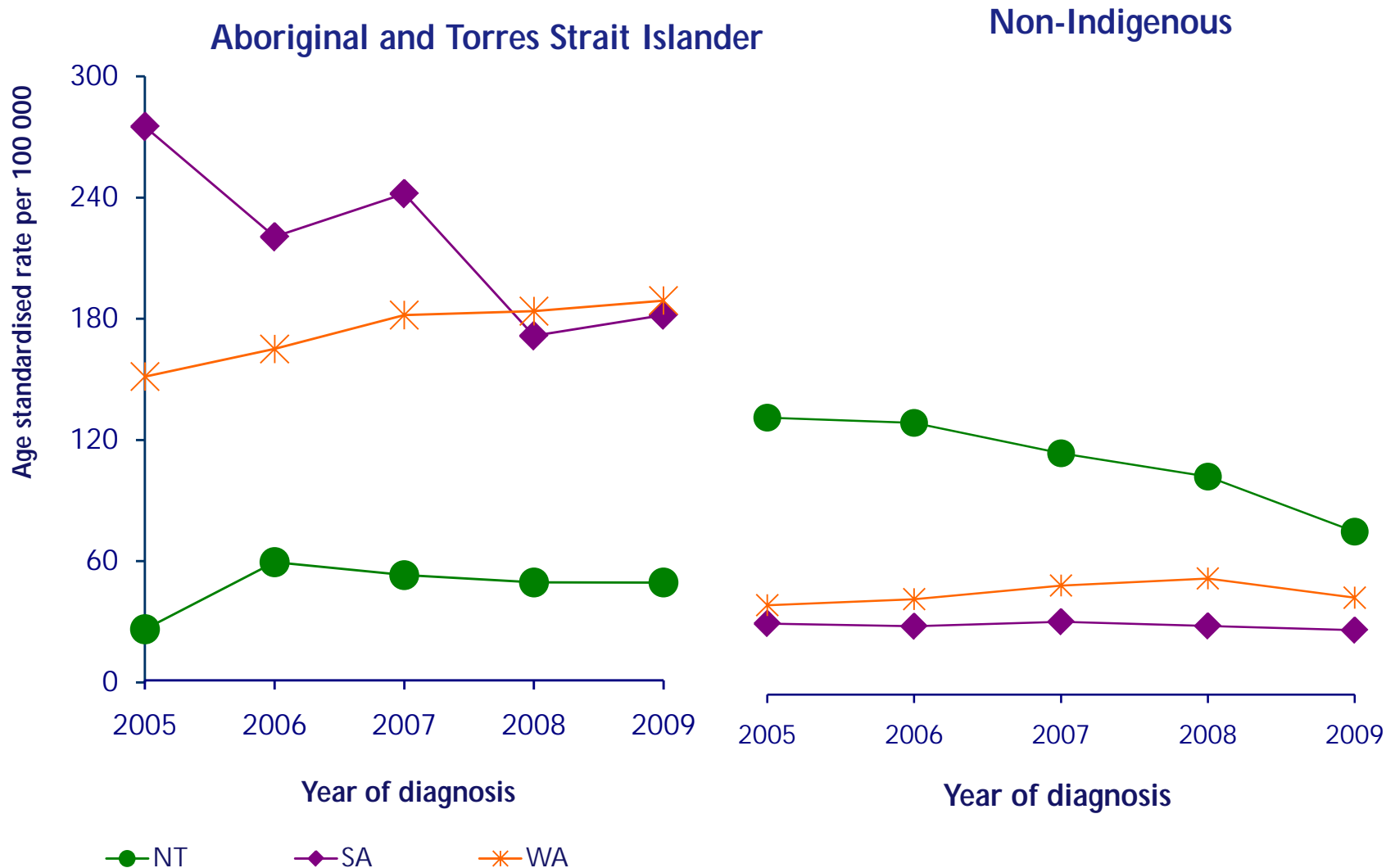
Hepatitis C antibody in selected age groups by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses

Source: State/Territory health authorities

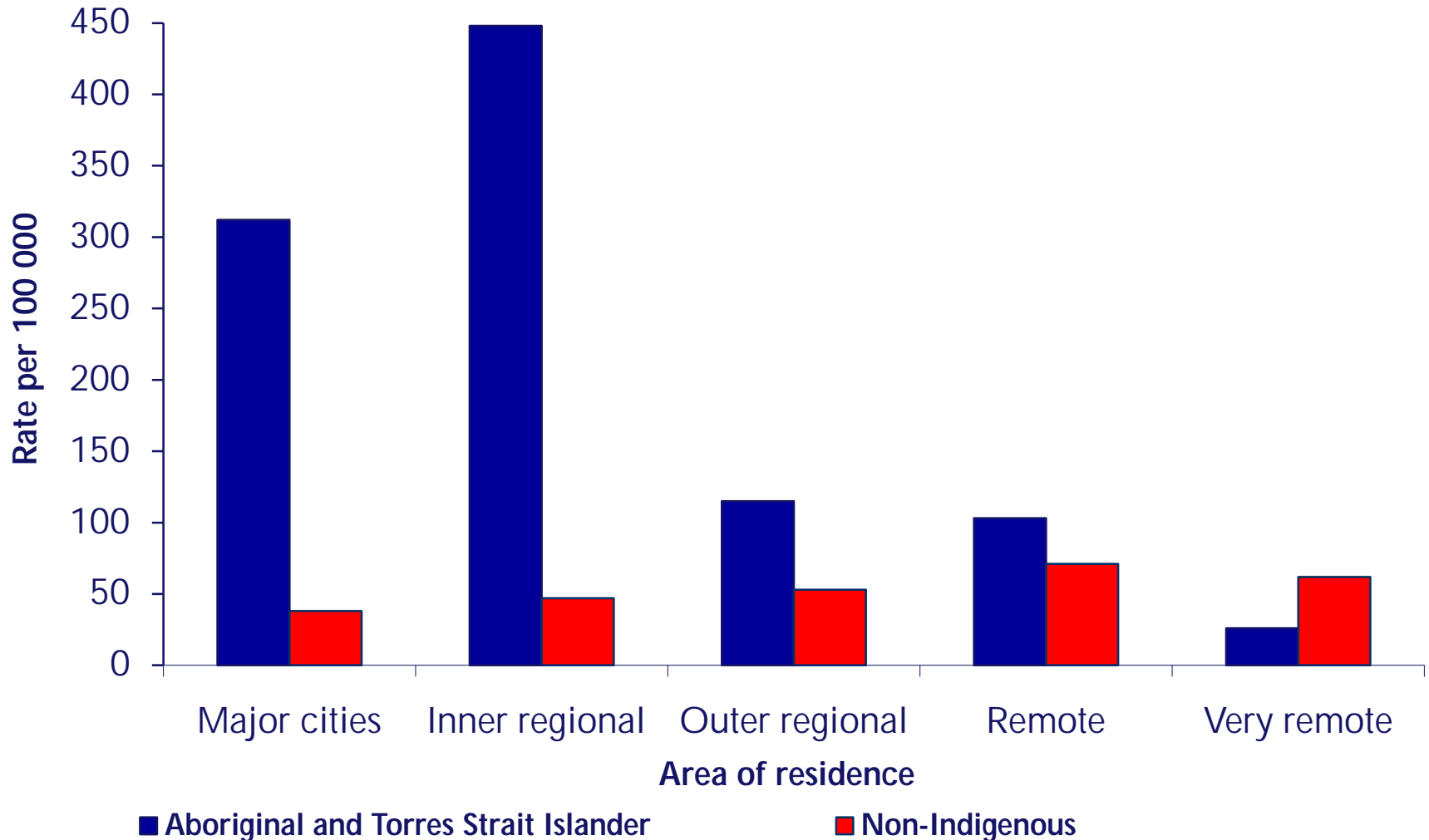
Hepatitis C antibody by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status, State/Territory¹ and year



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses.

Source: State/Territory health authorities

Hepatitis C infection by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status¹ and area of residence, 2009



¹ Jurisdictions (NT, SA & WA) in which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status was reported for more than 50% of diagnoses.

Source: State/Territory health authorities